

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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MONTGOMERY BLAIR SIBLEY,  
402 KING FARM BOULEVARD, SUITE 125-145  
ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND 20850

Plaintiff,

v.

Civil Action No. 15-

THE HONORABLE MITCH MCCONNELL,  
SOLELY IN HIS CAPACITY AS MAJORITY  
LEADER OF THE SENATE  
UNITED STATES SENATE,  
317 RUSSELL SENATE OFFICE BUILDING  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510-1702

AND

THE HONORABLE JOHN A. BOEHNER,  
SOLELY IN HIS CAPACITY AS SPEAKER OF  
THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
THE UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,  
1011 LONGWORTH HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515-3508

Defendants.

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**NOTICE OF REMOVAL OF A CIVIL ACTION**

Defendant the Honorable Mitch McConnell, through the undersigned attorneys, hereby files this Notice of Removal in conformity with 28 U.S.C. §§ 1441(a), 1442(a) and 1446(b). In support of that Notice, Defendant states as follows:

1. Plaintiff filed a civil action styled Montgomery Blair Sibley v. The Honorable Mitch McConnell, Et Al., which is now pending in the Superior Court of the District of Columbia, (Civil Action No. 15-002442 B).

2. Plaintiff filed the Complaint on or about April 8, 2015. (Attached as Exhibit A.) The Office of the United States Attorney received a copy of the Complaint on April 13, 2015.

3. In the Complaint, Plaintiff Montgomery Blair Sibley seeks to compel the United States Congress to call a Constitutional Convention. The Complaint names as defendants, inter alia, the Honorable Mitch McConnell, Majority Leader of the United States Senate.

4. Plaintiff's claims are ones over which the District Court has original jurisdiction if they are, in fact, justiciable at all. See 28 U.S.C. § 1441(a).

5. Plaintiff's claims are commenced against Defendant McConnell, who is an officer of the United States and who is sued in his official capacity for acts under color of such office and on account of right, title, or authority claimed under an Act of Congress. See 28 U.S.C. § 1442(a).

WHEREFORE, this action now pending in the Superior Court for the District of Columbia is properly removed to this Court in conformity with 28 U.S.C. §§ 1441(a), 1442(a), and 1446(b).

Dated: May 13, 2015

Respectfully submitted,

VINCENT H. COHEN, JR., D.C. Bar # 471489  
Acting United States Attorney for  
The District of Columbia

DANIEL F. VAN HORN, D.C. Bar # 924092  
Civil Chief

By: /s/ Peter R. Maier

PETER R. MAIER, D.C. Bar # 966242  
Special Assistant United States Attorney  
555 4th St., N.W.

Washington, D.C. 20530

Tel: (202) 252-2578 Fax: (202) 514-8780

[Peter.maier2@usdoj.gov](mailto:Peter.maier2@usdoj.gov)

Counsel for Defendant the Honorable  
Mitch McConnell

**Certificate of Service**

I hereby certify that I caused a copy of the foregoing Notice of Removal of Civil Action to be served upon pro se Plaintiff by first class mail addressed to:

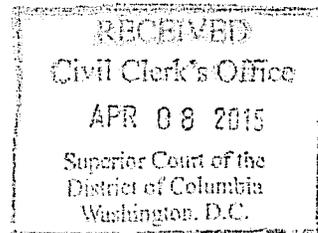
Montgomery Blair Sibley  
402 King Farm Boulevard  
Suite 125-145  
Rockville, MD 20850

on this 13th day of May, 2015.

/ s/ Peter R. Maier

PETER R. MAIER, D.C. Bar # 966242  
Special Assistant United States Attorney  
555 4th St., N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20530  
(202) 252-2578  
Peter.maier2@usdoj.gov

SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA  
CIVIL DIVISION



MONTGOMERY BLAIR SIBLEY,  
402 KING FARM BOULEVARD, SUITE 125-145,  
ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND 20850.  
(202-643-7232),

Case. No.:

PLAINTIFF,

COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY  
JUDGMENT AND MANDAMUS

ADVISORY JURY TRIAL REQUESTED

vs.

15 - 0002442

THE HONORABLE MITCH MCCONNELL,  
SOLELY IN HIS CAPACITY AS MAJORITY LEADER  
OF THE SENATE,  
UNITED STATES SENATE,  
317 RUSSELL SENATE OFFICE BUILDING,  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510-1702.

AND

THE HONORABLE JOHN A. BOEHNER,  
SOLELY IN HIS CAPACITY AS SPEAKER OF THE  
UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,  
UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,  
1011 LONGWORTH HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING,  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515-3508,

DEFENDANTS.

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Plaintiff, Montgomery Blair Sibley ("Sibley"), sues Defendants, the Honorable Mitch  
McConnell and the Honorable John A. Boehner, and alleges as follows:

INTRODUCTION

By this suit, Sibley seeks:

- (i) A Declaratory Judgment that Sibley has the right, possessed by every United States Citizen, to require that the federal government be administered according

to law; and

- (ii) A Declaratory Judgment that Applications to Congress have been made by the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several States for a Convention for Proposing Amendments to the United States Constitution thereby obligating Congress to Call such a Convention which, to date, Congress has failed to call; and
- (iii) A Writ of Mandamus directing Congress to carry out the affirmative action of Calling for a Convention for Proposing Amendments to the United States Constitution.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. Jurisdiction of this Court is invoked pursuant to the provisions of District of Columbia Statutes, §11-921.
- 2. Venue in this Court is proper under as a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims herein occurred in the District of Columbia.

#### PARTIES

- 3. Plaintiff, Montgomery Blair Sibley, is a Citizen of the United States.
- 4. The Honorable Mitch McConnell is presently the Majority Leader of the United States Senate and is sued solely in that capacity.
- 5. The Honorable John A. Boehner is presently the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives and is sued solely in that capacity.

#### FIRST CLAIM DECLARATORY RELIEF

- 6. The United States Supreme Court in *Fairchild v. Hughes*, 258 U.S. 126, 130 (1922) affirmed that Sibley, as a Citizen of the United States, possess the general right: "to require that the

Government be administered according to law. . . .” Moreover, Sibley maintains that under the implied covenant in the social compact which is the United States Constitution, he additionally possess such general right for to hold otherwise would be absurd. Finally, Sibley additionally maintains that this general right was expressly reserved unto him by the Ninth and Tenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

WHEREFORE, Sibley respectfully requests that this Court:

- A. Assume jurisdiction of this action;
- B. Declare that, notwithstanding the holding of *Lujan v. Defenders of Wildlife*, 504 U.S. 555 (1992) and its noxious progeny which by judicial fiat declared that when government actors administer the government contrary to law that citizens do not have “standing” to “require” that the “Government be administered according to law”, Sibley in this instance still possesses that “general right” as expressly recognized in *Fairchild v. Hughes* and retained though action of the Constitution and the Ninth and Tenth Amendments.
- C. Retain jurisdiction of this matter to enforce this declaratory decree if subsequently violated by Defendants; and
- D. Enter such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

**SECOND CLAIM  
DECLARATORY RELIEF**

7. At least thirty-five (35) states have now made an “Application” pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution for a “Convention for proposing Amendments” A list of those states with references to their respective “Applications” is attached as Exhibit “A” hereto. Accordingly, the ministerial duty imposed on Congress to call for such a Convention has been

triggered.

8. On March 5, 2015, Sibley wrote Defendants the Honorable Mitch McConnell and the Honorable John A. Boehner a letter indicating that (35) states have now made an "Application" pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution for a "Convention for proposing Amendments" and demanding that they make such a "call". A copy of that letter is attached as Exhibit "B" hereto. Despite confirmation from the United States Postal Service of delivery of the March 5, 2015, letter, to date Sibley has not received any response to that letter from either of the Defendants nor have they made any such "call".

WHEREFORE, Sibley respectfully requests that this Court:

- A. Assume jurisdiction of this action;
- B. Declare that: (i) two-thirds of the several states have called for a Convention to Propose Amendments and (ii) that Congress has failed to "call" for such a Convention;
- C. Retain jurisdiction of this matter to enforce its declaratory degree if subsequently violated by Defendants; and
- D. Enter such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

**THIRD CLAIM  
MANDAMUS**

9. As a court established by Act of Congress, this Court is empowered to issue Writs of Mandamus by the All Writs Act found at 28 U.S.C. §1651(a): "The Supreme Court and all courts established by Act of Congress may issue all writs necessary or appropriate in aid of their respective jurisdictions and agreeable to the usages and principles of law." A Writ of Mandamus: ". . .orders a person . . .to carry out some affirmative action." *In re Grant*, 635 F.3d 1227 (D.C. Cir. 2011).

10. In *United States v. Sprague*, 282 U.S. 716 (1931) the Supreme Court unequivocally stated: “[A]rticle 5 is clear in statement and in meaning, contains no ambiguity and calls for no resort to rules of construction. . . . It provides two methods for proposing amendments. Congress may propose them by a vote of two-thirds of both houses, or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the States, must call a convention to propose them.”

11. Here, Congress has the duty to carry out the affirmative action of “calling” a Convention to Propose Amendments but has refused to do so.

WHEREFORE, Sibley respectfully requests that this Court:

- A. Assume jurisdiction of this action;
- B. Issue its Writ of Mandamus to compel the Defendants to carry out their duty by “calling” a Convention to Propose Amendments;
- C. Retain jurisdiction of this matter to enforce its Writ of Mandamus in this regard if subsequently violated by Defendants; and
- D. Enter such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

MONTGOMERY BLAIR SIBLEY  
Plaintiff  
402 King Farm Blvd, Suite 125-145  
Rockville, Maryland, 20850  
202-643-7232

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Montgomery Blair Sibley

Number	State	Exhibit Page #	Authority for Article V Convention Call
1	Alabama	1	113 CONG. REC. 10,117-18 (1967).
2	Alaska	3	ALASKA SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 18
3	Arkansas	4	121 CONG. REC. 11,218 (1975).
4	California	5	98 CONG. REC. 4003-04 (1952).
5	Colorado	7	113 CONG. REC. 18,007 (1967)
6	Connecticut	8	104 CONG. REC. 8085-86 (1958).
7	Delaware	10	124 CONG. REC. 19,683 (1978).
8	Florida	11	115 CONG. REC. 24,116 (1969).
9	Georgia	12	GEORGIA HOUSE RESOLUTION 1215
10	Idaho	14	111 CONG. REC. 1437-38
11	Indiana	16	122 CONG. REC. 931 (1976).
12	Iowa	17,18	115 CONG. REC. 12,249 (1969); 44 CONG. REC. 1620 (1909).

Exhibit "A"

13	Kansas	19	97 CONG. REC. 2936 (1951).
14	Kentucky	20	121 CONG. REC. 27,821 (1975).
15	Maine	21	46 CONG. REC. 4280 (1911).
16	Maryland	22	111 CONG. REC. 5820 (1965).
17	Massachusetts	23	123 CONG. REC. 22,002 (1977).
18	Michigan	24, 25	89 CONG. REC. 2944 (1943); 87 CONG. REC. 8904 (1941).
19	Minnesota	26	34 CONG. REC. 2560 (1901).
20	Mississippi	27-28	125 CONG. REC. 2111-12 (1979)
21	Missouri	29	121 CONG. REC. 12,867 (1975).
22	Nebraska	30	111 CONG. REC. 24,723 (1965)
23	Nevada	31	121 CONG. REC. 19,117 (1975)
24	New Jersey	32	119 CONG. REC. 11,446 (1973);
25	New Mexico	33	112 CONG. REC. 199 (1966).
26	New York	34	40 CONG. REC. 4551 (1906).
27	North Carolina	35	45 CONG. REC. 7117 (1910).

28	Ohio	36	111 CONG. REC. 25,237 (1965)
29	Oregon	37	84 CONG. REC. 985 (1939).
30	Pennsylvania	38	89 CONG. REC. 8220 (1943).
31	Texas	39	113 CONG. REC. 17,634 (1967).
32	Vermont	40	49 CONG. REC. 1433 (1913) [1912].
33	Washington	41	109 CONG. REC. 5867 (1963).
34	West Virginia	42-43	1907 W. Va. Acts 433-34.
35	Wisconsin	44	109 CONG. REC. 14,808 (1963).
	Total States Calling for Article V Convention	<b>35</b>	Sources: A General Theory of Article V: The Constitutional Lessons of the Twenty-seventh Amendment, 103 Yale L.J. 677 (1993); How to count to thirty-four: the constitutional case for a constitutional convention, Harvard Journal of Law & Public Policy, Jun 22, 2011; both by Michael Stokes Paulsen
Retreived from: <a href="http://www.MontgomeryBlairSibley.com/ArticleV.html">www.MontgomeryBlairSibley.com/ArticleV.html</a>			

MONTGOMERY BLAIR SIBLEY

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March 5, 2015

Via USPS Signature Confirmation  
The Honorable Mitch McConnell  
United States Senate  
317 Russell Senate Office Building  
Washington, D.C. 20510-1702

Via USPS Signature Confirmation  
The Honorable John A. Boehner  
United States House of Representatives  
1011 Longworth House Office Building  
Washington, D.C. 20515-3508

Re: *Your Article V obligation to "call a convention for proposing amendments"*

Greetings:

I write to exercise "the right, possessed by every citizen, to require that the Government be administered according to law. . . ." *Fairchild v. Hughes*, 258 U.S. 126, 130 (1922). In particular, that you see that Congress promptly discharges its duty to call an Article V convention to propose amendments to the Constitution.

As you both well know, Article V of the Constitution states in pertinent part: "The Congress . . . on the Application of the Legislatures of two thirds of the several States, shall call a Convention for proposing Amendments, which, in either Case, shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three fourths of the several States, or by Conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other Mode of Ratification may be proposed by the Congress." Your attention is respectfully drawn to the decision in *United States v. Sprague*, 282 U.S. 716 (1931) in which the Supreme Court unequivocally stated: "[A]rticle 5 is clear in statement and in meaning, contains no ambiguity and calls for no resort to rules of construction. . . . It provides two methods for proposing amendments. Congress may propose them by a vote of two-thirds of both houses, or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the States, must call a convention to propose them." (Emphasis added). The math is simple:  $50 \text{ states} \times .66\% = 34 \text{ states}$  needed to "call a Convention".

I write first to inform that in fact thirty-five (35) states have now made the "Application" for a such a Convention and thus Congress is obligated to discharge its

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MontyBSibley@gmail.com  
202-643-7232

402 King Farm Blvd, Suite 125/145  
Rockville, Maryland 20850

Exhibit "B"

The Honorable Mitch McConnell  
The Honorable John A. Boehner  
March 5, 2015  
Page 2

Constitutionally-imposed ministerial duty to "call" such a Convention. A list of those states with reproduced copies of their respective "Applications" is enclosed.

Hence, upon your Article VI "oath or affirmation, to support this Constitution", you are now obligated to make the "call". I trust you will. However, please be advised that your failure to make the "call" on or before April 15, 2015, will result in the filing by several different state officials of a Supreme Court Rule 17, Motion for Leave to File an Original Jurisdiction Action pursuant to 28 U.S. Code § 1251(b)(2) seeking a Writ of Mandamus to command Congress to perform the ministerial act of making the "call" that Article V recognizes as an absolute duty. I hope and trust that such an Action will not be necessary.

I close by reminding that no less than George Mason, a Virginia delegate to the Constitutional Convention, said that without providing the states a means of amending the document, "no amendments of the proper kind would ever be obtained by the people, if the [national] Government should become oppressive."

I would expect the courtesy of an acknowledgment of your receipt of this letter. Of course, I am available to discuss this matter further.

yours,





Superior Court of the District of Columbia  
CIVIL DIVISION  
500 Indiana Avenue, N.W., Suite 5000  
Washington, D.C. 20001 Telephone: (202) 879-1133

Montgomery Blair Sibley

Plaintiff

vs.

Case Number 15-0002442

The Honorable Mitch McConnell

Defendant

SUMMONS

To the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to serve an Answer to the attached Complaint, either personally or through an attorney, within twenty (20) days after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of service. If you are being sued as an officer or agency of the United States Government or the District of Columbia Government, you have sixty (60) days after service of this summons to serve your Answer. A copy of the Answer must be mailed to the attorney for the party plaintiff who is suing you. The attorney's name and address appear below. If plaintiff has no attorney, a copy of the Answer must be mailed to the plaintiff at the address stated on this Summons.

You are also required to file the original Answer with the Court in Suite 5000 at 500 Indiana Avenue, N.W., between 8:30 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., Mondays through Fridays or between 9:00 a.m. and 12:00 noon on Saturdays. You may file the original Answer with the Court either before you serve a copy of the Answer on the plaintiff or within five (5) days after you have served the plaintiff. If you fail to file an Answer, judgment by default may be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Montgomery Blair Sibley  
Name of Plaintiff's Attorney  
402 King Farm Blvd, Suite 125-145  
Address  
Rockville, Maryland 20850  
202-643-7232  
Telephone

Clerk of the Court

By [Signature]  
Deputy Clerk

Date 4/8/15

如需翻译, 请打电话 (202) 879-4828    Veuillez appeler au (202) 879-4828 pour une traduction    Để có một bản dịch, hãy gọi (202) 879-4828  
번역을 원하시면, (202) 879-4828 로 전화하십시오    የአገልግሎት ስርዓት ለማግኘት (202) 879-4828 ይጻፉ

IMPORTANT: IF YOU FAIL TO FILE AN ANSWER WITHIN THE TIME STATED ABOVE, OR IF, AFTER YOU ANSWER, YOU FAIL TO APPEAR AT ANY TIME THE COURT NOTIFIES YOU TO DO SO, A JUDGMENT BY DEFAULT MAY BE ENTERED AGAINST YOU FOR THE MONEY DAMAGES OR OTHER RELIEF DEMANDED IN THE COMPLAINT. IF THIS OCCURS, YOUR WAGES MAY BE ATTACHED OR WITHHELD OR PERSONAL PROPERTY OR REAL ESTATE YOU OWN MAY BE TAKEN AND SOLD TO PAY THE JUDGMENT. IF YOU INTEND TO OPPOSE THIS ACTION, DO NOT FAIL TO ANSWER WITHIN THE REQUIRED TIME.

If you wish to talk to a lawyer and feel that you cannot afford to pay a fee to a lawyer, promptly contact one of the offices of the Legal Aid Society (202-628-1161) or the Neighborhood Legal Services (202-279-5100) for help or come to Suite 5000 at 500 Indiana Avenue, N.W., for more information concerning places where you may ask for such help.

See reverse side for Spanish translation  
Vea al dorso la traducción al español



<input type="radio"/> <b>G. Habeas Corpus/ 2255</b>  <input type="checkbox"/> 530 Habeas Corpus – General <input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motion/Vacate Sentence <input type="checkbox"/> 463 Habeas Corpus – Alien Detainee	<input type="radio"/> <b>H. Employment Discrimination</b>  <input type="checkbox"/> 442 Civil Rights – Employment (criteria: race, gender/sex, national origin, discrimination, disability, age, religion, retaliation)  *(If pro se, select this deck)*	<input type="radio"/> <b>I. FOIA/Privacy Act</b>  <input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act <input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions (if Privacy Act)  *(If pro se, select this deck)*	<input type="radio"/> <b>J. Student Loan</b>  <input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loan (excluding veterans)
<input type="radio"/> <b>K. Labor/ERISA (non-employment)</b>  <input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act <input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations <input type="checkbox"/> 740 Labor Railway Act <input type="checkbox"/> 751 Family and Medical Leave Act <input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation <input type="checkbox"/> 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act	<input type="radio"/> <b>L. Other Civil Rights (non-employment)</b>  <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting (if not Voting Rights Act) <input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/Accommodations <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 445 Americans w/Disabilities – Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 446 Americans w/Disabilities – Other <input type="checkbox"/> 448 Education	<input type="radio"/> <b>M. Contract</b>  <input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act <input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument <input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholder's Suits <input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contracts <input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 196 Franchise	<input type="radio"/> <b>N. Three-Judge Court</b>  <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Civil Rights – Voting (if Voting Rights Act)

**V. ORIGIN**  
 1 Original Proceeding  
  2 Removed from State Court  
  3 Remanded from Appellate Court  
  4 Reinstated or Reopened  
  5 Transferred from another district (specify)  
  6 Multi-district Litigation  
  7 Appeal to District Judge from Mag. Judge

**VI. CAUSE OF ACTION (CITE THE U.S. CIVIL STATUTE UNDER WHICH YOU ARE FILING AND WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE.)**  
 9TH AND 10TH AMENDMENTS, U. S. CONSTITUTION; RIGHT TO CALL FOR CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

<b>VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT</b>	CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23 <input type="checkbox"/>	DEMAND \$	JURY DEMAND: YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY</b>	(See instruction)	YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	If yes, please complete related case form

DATE: 05-13-2015	SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD <i>Peter R. Mail</i>
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**INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET JS-44**  
 Authority for Civil Cover Sheet

The JS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and services of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. Listed below are tips for completing the civil cover sheet. These tips coincide with the Roman Numerals on the cover sheet.

- I. COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED PLAINTIFF/DEFENDANT (b) County of residence: Use 11001 to indicate plaintiff if resident of Washington, DC, 88888 if plaintiff is resident of United States but not Washington, DC, and 99999 if plaintiff is outside the United States.
- III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES: This section is completed only if diversity of citizenship was selected as the Basis of Jurisdiction under Section II.
- IV. CASE ASSIGNMENT AND NATURE OF SUIT: The assignment of a judge to your case will depend on the category you select that best represents the primary cause of action found in your complaint. You may select only one category. You must also select one corresponding nature of suit found under the category of the case.
- VI. CAUSE OF ACTION: Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and write a brief statement of the primary cause.
- VIII. RELATED CASE(S), IF ANY: If you indicated that there is a related case, you must complete a related case form, which may be obtained from the Clerk's Office.

Because of the need for accurate and complete information, you should ensure the accuracy of the information provided prior to signing the form.