

Case No.: _____

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA CIRCUIT

IN RE:

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, *EX RELATOR*, MONTGOMERY BLAIR SIBLEY, AND
MONTGOMERY BLAIR SIBLEY, INDIVIDUALLY,

PETITIONER.

**PETITION FOR WRIT OF *MANDAMUS* OR, ALTERNATIVELY, FOR WRIT
PROCEDENDUM AD JUSTICIUM TO THE UNITED STATES
DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

MONTGOMERY BLAIR SIBLEY
Petitioner
4000 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., #1518
Washington, D.C. 20016
(202) 478-0371

Petitioner, United States of America *ex relator* Montgomery Blair Sibley, and Montgomery Blair Sibley, individually, prays that a Writ of Mandamus or, alternatively, a Writ Procedendum Ad Justicium issue to command the United States District Court for the District of Columbia to determine whether an order to show cause should issue to Barack Hussein Obama, II, why he should not be ousted from the office of President of the United States and/or stripped of the franchise to appear on the ballot for that office in 2012.

I. THE RELIEF SOUGHT

Petitioner first seeks a Writ of Mandamus ordering the District Court to forthwith decide whether or not to issue an order to show cause in the Quo Warranto claims of the action below as it has a “duty to do so”. *Roche v. Evaporated Milk Assn.*, 319 U.S. 21, 26 (1943).

Alternatively, if this Court finds that there is no such “duty”, then Petitioner seeks a Writ Procedendum Ad Justicium ordering the District Court to forthwith decide whether or not to issue an order to show cause in the Quo Warranto claims of the action below as the District Court “do delay the parties; for that they will not give judgment either on one side or the other, when they ought to do so. In this case a writ of *procedendo* shall be awarded, commanding them in the King's name to proceed to judgment; but without specifying any particular judgment.” 3 *Blackstone*

Commentaries, §109.

II. THE ISSUES PRESENTED

Whether the District Court can continue to delay resolution of the Quo Warranto claims in the matter below when it has a “duty” and/or “ought” given the pressing *publici juris* questions presented by this suit.

III. THE FACTS NECESSARY TO UNDERSTAND THE ISSUES PRESENTED BY THE PETITION

On January 3, 2012, Petitioner filed a “Certified Petition for Writs Quo Warranto and Mandamus and Complaint for Damages” (“Petition”) against, among others, Respondent Barrack Hussein Obama, II (“Obama”). Proceeding both individually and *ex relator* as authorized by the Congressionally-enacted D.C. Code, Title 16, §3503, Petitioner sought a Writ of Quo Warranto ousting Obama as President of the United States and/or preventing him from holding the franchise of being on the ballot for that office in 2012 insomuch as: (i) he is not a “natural born Citizen” of the United States as required by Article II, §1, of the U.S. Constitution and (ii) there is probable cause to believe Obama’s claim that he was born within the United States is based solely upon forged documents.

On January 9, 2012, Petitioner filed a motion requesting the District Court to expedite resolution of the quo warranto claims. To date, the District Court has not

ruled on that motion to expedite.

As to the first issue, there is no dispute that Obama's Father was not a citizen of the United States thus precluding Obama – under the 18th Century definition of “natural born Citizen” – from being eligible to be President. (Petition, ¶10).

As to the location of his birth, Obama has publically released two “Certificates of Live Birth” (“COLB”) from the State of Hawaii in an attempt to demonstrate that he was born in the United States. Expert document examiners have examined copies of each of the COLBs and found significant indications of fraud raising the very real specter that Obama was not even born in the United States.

As to the Short Form Certificate of Live Birth, a copy of which is attached to the Complaint as Exhibit “D”, the following anomaly is present: The text in the image bears the signs of being graphically altered after the image had been created. Specifically, given that the text in the Short Form COLB is printed on a green background, there should be green dots, or pixels, visible in between the black letters that comprise the text. Yet there is a total absence of any green pixels. In their place, there are gray and white pixels. These pixel patterns are significant because they would never be found in a genuine color document scan. (Petition, ¶12).

As to the Long Form Certificate of Live Birth, a copy of which is attached to the Complaint as Exhibit “E”, the following anomalies are present:

- a. The Hawaiian State seal on the COLB is the wrong size. (Vogt Analysis, Complaint Exhibit “F”, page 3, pages 11-13).
- b. The hand-stamped State Seal on the two “certified” copies of the COLB are in exactly the same location, an improbable event. (Vogt Analysis, page 3).
- c. The COLB has two different type of scans contained in it, binary and grayscale, an impossibility in one scanned object. (Vogt Analysis, page 5).
- d. The parallax of the type reveals that there has been tampering. For example, on the COLB: “the work Name drops down 2 pixels, but the typed hospital name, Kapiolani, does not drop down at all, and again the line just below drops down 2 pixels, but not the name Kapiolani.” (Vogt Analysis, page 6).
- e. There is white “haloing” around all the type on the form, an indication of tampering with the image. (Vogt Analysis, page 7).
- f. The typewritten letters were “cut” and “pasted” into place. (Vogt Analysis, page 9).
- g. The “Bates Stamped” sequential number is out of sequence. (Vogt Analysis, page 10).
- h. There are two different colors in Box 20 and Box 22, an impossibility on an originally scanned document. (Vogt Analysis, page 10).
- i. The Rubber Stamp contains an “X” rather than an “H” in the work “the” when other contemporaneous COLBs with the same stamp do not contain the “X”. (Vogt Analysis, page 13).
- j. There are nine “layers” to the Adobe Portable Document File COLB, an indication of a forgery. (Vogt Analysis, pages 16-17).
- k. The typewritten letters change size and shape, an impossibility on 1961 typewriters. (Irey Analysis, Exhibit “G”).

(Petition, ¶13).

On January 31, 2012, Petitioner amended-as-of-right his original petition to add additional claims of mandamus and declaratory judgment in his “First Amended Certified Petition for Writs Quo Warranto and Mandamus and Complaint for Declaratory Relief and Damages” (“Petition”), a copy of which is attached hereto.

Additionally, on January 31, 2012, Petitioner filed a demand that pursuant to Federal Rules of Evidence, Rule 201, the District Court take judicial notice of the proceedings in a Georgia administrative law matter of a trio of suits challenging Obama’s eligibility to be on the ballot in Georgia. At that hearing, the judge took testimony under oath from, among others, two document examiners, Felicito Papa and Douglas Vogt, who entered sworn expert opinions that the COLBs released by Obama appear to be forgeries. A transcript of their respective testimonies is attached hereto.

To date, though Petitioner has patiently waited for forty (40) days in the desert, the District Court has failed to rule on request for an order to show cause.

IV. THE REASONS WHY THE WRITS SHOULD ISSUE

This Court, under the All Writs Act, 28 U.S.C. §1651(a), has been given express authority by Congress to issue writs of Mandamus and Procedendum Ad Justiciam.

A. THE DISTRICT COURT HAS A DUTY TO FORTHWITH

**DECIDE WHETHER OR NOT TO ISSUE THE REQUESTED
ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE**

In *Will v. Calvert Fire Ins. Co.*, 437 U.S. 655, 622 (1978), the Court held:

[T]he “traditional use of the writ in aid of appellate jurisdiction both at common law and in the federal courts has been to confine an inferior court to a lawful exercise of its prescribed jurisdiction **or to compel it to exercise its authority when it is its duty to do so.**” *Roche v. Evaporated Milk Assn.*, 319 U.S. 21, 26 (1943). . . . To say that a court of appeals has the power to direct a district court to proceed to judgment in a pending case “when it is its duty to do so,” 319 U.S., at 26, states the standard but does not decide this or any other particular case. It is essential that the moving party satisfy “the burden of showing that its right to issuance of the writ is ‘clear and indisputable.’” *Bankers Life & Cas. Co.*, supra, at 384, quoting *United States v. Duell*, 172 U.S. 576, 582 (1899). Judge Will urges that Calvert does not have a “clear and indisputable” right to the adjudication of its claims in the District Court without regard to the concurrent state proceedings. **To that issue we now must turn.** (Emphasis added).

Just as the Supreme Court “turned” to that issue in *Will* – and determined that the district court’s stay was within that court’s discretion – this Court also “now must turn” to the very straightforward question presented here: Does the District Court have a “duty” to forthwith decide whether or not to issue the requested order to show cause?

Petitioner maintains that his right to such a Writ of Mandamus compelling the

District Court to forthwith rule on the requested Order to Show Cause is “clear and indisputable” given both the Common and Statutory Law relied upon.

1. THE COMMON LAW IMPOSES A DUTY TO FORTHWITH RULE ON THE DISTRICT COURT

In the Complaint, Petitioner first seeks an order to show cause based upon the common law of quo warranto. The common law writ of quo warranto imposes a duty upon the Court below to either issue an order to show cause or decline to do so; the latter immediately triggering this Court's appellate review jurisdiction. The procedure for quo warranto actions has been long established. The Statute of Anne was enacted in 1710 and allowed “an information in the nature of quo warranto to be brought with leave of the court, at the relation of any person desiring to prosecute the same,” which person was then called the “relator.” 3 William Blackstone, *Commentaries* 109, at 264. The information would lie against “any person usurping, intruding into, or unlawfully holding any franchise or office in any city, borough, or town corporate.” *Id.* See also: *Rex v. Trelawney*, 97 Eng. Rep. 1010 (1765)(The statute 9 Anne. c. 20 “lets in everybody who desires it, to make use of [the King's] name in prosecuting usurpers of franchises; whereas, before no subject could have done so.”)

Moreover, the writ of quo warranto was available to strangers unable to demonstrate personal injury. See: *Rex v. Speyer*, L.R. 1 K.B. 595, 613 (1916)(“[A]

stranger to the suit can obtain prohibition ... and I see no reason why he should not in a proper case obtain an information of quo warranto.”)

The procedure to be followed in a quo warranto action has likewise been long established. “In an action a writ of quo warranto under the common law, no summons or complaint is necessary.” *State ex rel. Danielson v. Mound*, 48 N.W.2d 855, 861 (1951). “Where, the issuance of the writ is sought by a private individual, the private individual must petition the court for leave to file an information for a writ of quo warranto. The granting or withholding of leave to file an information for a writ of quo warranto at the instance of a private individual, with or without the consent of the attorney general, rests in the sound discretion of the court.” *State ex rel. Young v. Village of Kent*, 96 Minn. 255, 257 (1905). “After the writ is issued, defendant may plead to such writ within the time specified therein, and the proceeding continues in the same manner as in an ordinary civil action. The judgment for relator may be a general judgment of ouster, an ouster of the right to do the particular act complained of, a suspensive judgment of ouster with a fine accompanying it, or a simple fine.” 10 *Ency. Laws of England*, pp. 638-639.

Thus while the District Court has discretion to allow Petitioner to file the information for a writ of quo warranto, the District Court in all events has a duty to either exercise that discretion or not – it simply cannot avoid the issue by refusing to

rule. *See: People v. Enlow*, 310 P.2d 539, 541 (1957)(“Named as the defendant was Carl E. Enlow, the person who was then in possession and control of the office of Sheriff of Jefferson County, Colorado. It was alleged in the complaint that a vacancy occurred in the office when Enlow was convicted of an infamous crime involving a violation of his official oath, and that such conviction automatically worked a divestiture of the authority and accoutrements of the office, notwithstanding which Enlow purported to act as Sheriff for the County. Because the question thus presented was deemed *publici juris*, this court agreed to act, and in that behalf issued a rule to show cause to Enlow. . . .To refuse to hear and determine the matter at the earliest convenient date seemed against the best interests of the public, particularly since the longer Enlow held and exercised the prerogatives of the office, if the exercise thereof proved unwarranted, the more problems would multiply which might subsequently vex the courts.”)(*People ex rel. Weber v. Burson*, 307 Ill. 533, 537 (1923)(“The court should, in the exercise of its discretion, consider all the circumstances in the case, – the motives of the relators in having the proceedings instituted, the policy of and the necessity for the remedy sought, acquiescence or unreasonable delay, and the consideration of the public interest or convenience.”))

Here, given the particular *publici juris* which is “the right, possessed by every citizen, to require that the Government be administered according to law and that the

public moneys be not Wasted”¹, this Court is obligated to recognize the “duty” of the District Court to forthwith rule upon the Quo Warranto Petition. Simply stated, the failure of the District Court to rule one way or the other amounts to a usurpation of power and/or a gross abuse of discretion. *United States v. Lasker*, 481 F.2d 229, (2nd Cir. N.Y. 1973).

**2. THE D.C. CODE, TITLE 16, §3501 ET SEQ.
IMPOSES A DUTY ON THE DISTRICT COURT**

Alternatively, Petitioner sought a writ of quo warranto pursuant to the D.C. Code as he has complied with Title 16, §3501 – §3503 by: (i) bringing the action in the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia, (ii) against Obama who holds an office conferred by the United States, to wit, the Presidency, (iii) both the Attorney General and the United States Attorney have refused – after proper request by Petitioner – to file a quo warranto proceeding against Obama, and (iv) Petitioner has filed the Complaint which is a “certified petition for leave to have the writ issued.” *See*: Title 16, §3501², §3502³ and §3503⁴.

¹ *Fairchild v. Hughes*, 258 U.S. 126, 130 (1922).

² “Persons against whom issued; civil action. A quo warranto may be issued from the United States District Court for the District of Columbia in the name of the United States against a person who within the District of Columbia usurps, intrudes into, or unlawfully holds or exercises, a franchise conferred by the United States or a public office of the United States, civil or military. The proceedings shall be deemed a civil

Clearly, based upon the compelling evidence now before the District Court of (i) Obama’s lack of “natural born Citizen” status and (ii) the apparent forgeries of Obama’s COLBs, “the reasons set forth in the petition are sufficient in law” to allow for the issuance of an order to show cause to Obama. Thus, as above, the failure of the District Court to forthwith rule one way or the other amounts to a usurpation of power and/or a gross abuse of discretion warranting the issuance of a writ of mandamus compelling the District Court forthwith to rule upon Petitioner’s request for an order to show cause.

action.”

³ “Parties who may institute; ex rel. proceedings. The Attorney General of the United States or the United States attorney may institute a proceeding pursuant to this subchapter on his own motion or on the relation of a third person. The writ may not be issued on the relation of a third person except by leave of the court, to be applied for by the relator, by a petition duly verified setting forth the grounds of the application, or until the relator files a bond with sufficient surety, to be approved by the clerk of the court, in such penalty as the court prescribes, conditioned on the payment by him of all costs incurred in the prosecution of the writ if costs are not recovered from and paid by the defendant.”

⁴ “Refusal of Attorney General or United States attorney to act; procedure. If the Attorney General or United States attorney refuses to institute a quo warranto proceeding on the request of a person interested, the interested person may apply to the court by certified petition for leave to have the writ issued. When, in the opinion of the court, the reasons set forth in the petition are sufficient in law, the writ shall be allowed to be issued by any attorney, in the name of the United States, on the relation of the interested person on his compliance with the condition prescribed by section 16-3502 as to security for costs.”

**B. THE CONSIDERATIONS OF PROCEDENDUM AD JUSTICIUM
COMPEL THIS COURT TO ORDER THE DISTRICT COURT
TO FORTHWITH DECIDE WHETHER OR NOT TO ISSUE THE
REQUESTED ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE**

Blackstone described this writ *Procedendum Ad Justiciam* as follows: “A writ of *procedendum ad justiciam* issues out of the court of chancery, when judges of any subordinate court do delay the parties; for that they will not give judgment either on one side or the other, when they ought to do so. In this case a writ of *procedendo* shall be awarded, commanding them in the King's name to proceed to judgment; but without specifying any particular judgment.” 3 *Blackstone Commentaries*, §109.

The first reason why the writ of *Procedendum Ad Justiciam* should issue is that while the Constitution provides to the President authority to “pocket veto” – Article 1, Section 7 – a bill presented by Congress, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure accords no such analogous “pocket denial” to judges of the inferior federal courts. Here, by refusing to timely rule upon the petition for writ quo warranto, the District Court is in effect issuing a “pocket denial” – something that is outside of the jurisdiction of that court.

The second reason why the writ of *Procedendum Ad Justiciam* should issue is that to fail to do issue the order to show cause is to allow the District Court to interject itself into the political arena – something it is expressly forbidden to do. Both the

Common Law and Congress has clearly committed to this Court the obligation to determine the eligibility of a candidate and/or office holder of a federal office. For the District Court to shirk that duty is wilful conduct which undermines the organic processes by which candidates are elected and thus makes the election process one of patent and fundamental unfairness which violates the due process clause.

The Democratic convention to nominate that party's Presidential candidate is set for September 3, 2012, some two hundred (200) days away. The election for President is set for November 6, 2012, some two hundred sixty seven (267) days away. To allow Judge Bates to treat this case as he has done others⁵, will insure that no resolution of the significant *publici juris* question raised herein is had so that the citizens of the United States may know from the only available source whether Obama is eligible to be President of the United States before they cast their votes for that supremely important office.

⁵ For example, in *Sibley v. Obama et al.*, Case No.: 11-cv-00919 (JDB), Judge Bates took two hundred seventy one (271) days to determine the issues raised in that suit. To allow a similar delay in this matter would insure no appellate and Supreme Court review until after the election. To deprive the Country of such a decision before they cast their votes is to undermine the very foundation of our Constitutional government by judicial inaction.

V. TIME IS OF THE ESSENCE

Petitioner prays this Court to act expeditiously as time is truly of the essence.

VI. CONCLUSION AND REQUEST FOR ORAL ARGUMENT

As Lord Justice Lush summarized, “That any subject can call the attention of the court to excess of authority on the part of an inferior court and apply for prohibition is clear, and in my opinion the same principle applies in the case of an information in the nature of a quo warranto. Every subject has an interest in securing that public duties shall be exercised only by those competent to exercise them.” *Rex, L.R. 1 K.B. at 628*

The necessity and propriety of such a rule becomes compelling in the United States where this government “of, by and for” the people – where the people are not subjects, but instead sovereigns – has never been ceded by the People the sole right to determine whether an action can be instituted to call into question whether a particular government official is eligible to serve. To so hold is to institutionalize the very tyranny that this government was organized to prevent and usurps power never delegated by the People to the government.

Here, a sitting President and soon-to-be major party candidate is clearly not a “natural born Citizen” and has proffered questionable documents in an effort to acquire such eligibility. For this Court to stand by and do nothing is to turn the

government “of, by and for” the people to a government “of, by and for” the government.

Petitioner also requests an immediate oral argument given the fluid, novel and complex nature of the questions raised herein.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and accurate copy of foregoing was served pursuant to U.S. First Class Mail upon the Honorable John D. Bates, 333 Constitution Ave NW, Washington DC 20001, this February 13, 2012.

MONTGOMERY BLAIR SIBLEY
Petitioner
4000 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., #1518
Washington, D.C. 20016
(202) 478-0371

By: _____
Montgomery Blair Sibley



DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
BOARD OF ELECTIONS AND ETHICS
441 - 4th Street, N.W., Suite 250N

Affirmation of Write-In Candidacy

for the Office of:

President of the United States

Office which you seek (include ward, school district or ANC/SMD)

Your name: Montgomery Blair Sibley

Daytime telephone: 202-478-0371 Voter Registration Number: 80021726

Date of the election: November 6, 2012 Your Party (if applicable): _____

List your residence address for the past three years (include zip code):

4000 Massachusetts Ave., NW, #1518, Washington, D.C. 20016 from 06/08 to present

3700 Massachusetts Ave., NW, #519, Washington, D.C. 20016 from 06/06 to 06/08

from ___/___ to ___/___

Indicate here how you would like your name to be written-in on the ballot:

Montgomery Blair Sibley

NOTE: Complete this section carefully. If there are any periods or commas in your name, write them clearly.
(DO NOT include prefixes or titles, such as Miss, Mr., Dr., Rev., or degrees.)

Note: This form must be signed by the candidate and filed by the required deadline date.

I hereby declare my candidacy for the office name above. I am aware of the qualifications for holding this office and attest that I meet such qualifications. I also swear or affirm that the information provided on this form is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

(Signature of Candidate)

Subscribed and sworn to or affirmed before me this 8th day of November 2011

(District of Columbia Notary or Board of Elections Official)

DO NOT MAKE ANY FALSE REPRESENTATIONS AS TO HIS OR HER QUALIFICATIONS TO HOLD OFFICE. ALL UPON CONVICTION BE FINED NOT MORE THAN \$1000 OR BE IMPRISONED FOR BOTH.

2010 Voting Population of United States -- 234,564,071

States	Resident Population of Voting-Age (in thousands)	Number of Eligible Voters who will Vote (54%)	Number of Votes Necessary to Win State's Electoral College (in thousands)	Electoral College Votes
Alabama	3,647	1,970	985	9
Alaska	523	282	141	3
Arizona	4,763	2,572	1,286	11
California	27,959	15,098	7,549	55
Colorado	3,804	2,054	1,027	9
Delaware	692	374	187	3
District of Columbia	501	270	135	3
Georgia	7,196	3,886	1,943	16
Idaho	1,139	615	307	4
Iowa	2,318	1,252	626	6
Kansas	2,126	1,148	574	6
Kentucky	3,316	1,791	895	8
Maine	1,054	569	285	4
Maryland	4,421	2,387	1,194	10
Michigan	7,540	4,071	2,036	16
Montana	766	414	207	3
Nebraska	1,367	738	369	5
New Hampshire	1,029	556	278	4
New York	15,053	8,129	4,064	29
North Carolina	7,254	3,917	1,959	15
Oregon	2,965	1,601	800	7
Rhode Island	829	447	224	4
Tennessee	4,850	2,619	1,310	11
Utah	1,893	1,022	511	6
Vermont	497	268	134	3
Washington	5,143	2,777	1,389	12
West Virginia	1,466	791	396	5
Wyoming	428	231	116	3
Total	114,536,850	61,849,899,000	30,924,950	270

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau; NARA



U.S. Department of Justice

United States Marshals Service

Office of General Counsel

2604 Jefferson Davis Highway

Alexandria, VA 22301

JUL 28 2011

CERTIFIED MAIL # 7008 1300 0001 4127 6970

Montgomery Blair Sibley
4000 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W., Apt. 1518
Washington, DC 20016-5136

Re: Administrative Tort Claim

Dear Mr. Sibley:

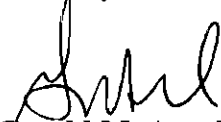
This responds to the administrative tort claim you filed with the U.S. Marshals Service (USMS), for personal injuries in the amount of \$1,000,000.00. The claim arises from the allegation of your right to access court and petition government without the chilling effect of an armed escort accompanying you in the Courthouse along with First Amendment retaliation, and unlawful imprisonment causes of action, on September 15, 2009, in Washington, D.C.

The applicable provisions of the Federal Tort Claims Act (FTCA) [28 U.S.C. §§ 1346(b), 2401 (b), 2671, et seq.] provide for the payment of claims which arise from the negligent or wrongful acts or omissions of an employee of the Federal Government while acting within the scope of his or her employment. However, under the FTCA, only state law tort claims, not constitutional claims, are allowable. See 28 U.S.C. § 2674.

Our review of the circumstances surrounding your claim has disclosed no evidence of negligence or wrongful acts on the part of any USMS employee. Specifically, you have failed to substantiate any compensable injury you allegedly suffered.

Accordingly, your administrative tort claim against the United States, in the amount of \$1,000,000.00 is denied. If you are dissatisfied with our determination, suit may be filed in the appropriate U.S. District Court not later than six months after the date of the mailing of this notice of final denial.

Sincerely,



Gerald M. Auerbach
General Counsel

Exhibit "C"

CERTIFICATION OF LIVE BIRTH

STATE OF HAWAII
HONOLULU



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
HAWAII U.S.A.

CERTIFICATE NO. [REDACTED]

CHILD'S NAME

BARACK HUSSEIN OBAMA II

DATE OF BIRTH

August 4, 1961

HOUR OF BIRTH

7:24 PM

SEX

MALE

CITY, TOWN OR LOCATION OF BIRTH

HONOLULU

ISLAND OF BIRTH

OAHU

COUNTY OF BIRTH

HONOLULU

MOTHER'S MAIDEN NAME

STANLEY ANN DUNHAM

MOTHER'S RACE

CAUCASIAN

FATHER'S NAME

BARACK HUSSEIN OBAMA

FATHER'S RACE

AFRICAN

DATE FILED BY REGISTRAR

August 8, 1961

Exhibit "D"

1a. Child's First Name (Type or print) BARACK		1b. Middle Name HUSSEIN		1c. Last Name OBAMA, II	
2. Sex Male	3. This Birth Single <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Twin <input type="checkbox"/> Triplet <input type="checkbox"/>	4. If Twin or Triplet, Was Child Born 1st <input type="checkbox"/> 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> 3rd <input type="checkbox"/>		5a. Birth Date August	5b. Hour 7:24 P.M.
6a. Place of Birth: City, Town or Rural Location Honolulu				6b. Island Oahu	
6c. Name of Hospital or Institution (If not in hospital or institution, give street address) Kapiolani Maternity & Gynecological Hospital				6d. Is Place of Birth Inside City or Town Limits? If no, give judicial district Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
7a. Usual Residence of Mother: City, Town or Rural Location Honolulu			7b. Island Oahu	7c. County and State or Foreign Country Honolulu, Hawaii	
7d. Street Address 6085 Kalaniana'ole Highway				7e. Is Residence Inside City or Town Limits? If no, give judicial district Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
7f. Mother's Mailing Address				7g. Is Residence on a Farm or Plantation? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
8. Full Name of Father BARACK		HUSSEIN		9. Race of Father African	
10. Age of Father 25		11. Birthplace (Island, State or Foreign Country) Kenya, East Africa		12a. Usual Occupation Student	
13. Full Maiden Name of Mother STANLEY		ANN		14. Race of Mother Caucasian	
15. Age of Mother 18		16. Birthplace (Island, State or Foreign Country) Wichita, Kansas		17a. Type of Occupation Outside Home During Pregnancy None	
17b. Date Last Worked				18b. Date of Signature 9-7-61	
I certify that the above stated information is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.				18a. Signature of Parent or Other Informant <i>John Dunham Obama</i>	
I hereby certify that this child was born alive on the date and hour stated above.				19a. Signature of Attendant <i>David A. Simlan</i>	
20. Date Accepted by Local Reg. AUG - 8 1961				21. Signature of Local Registrar <i>U.K. Lee</i>	
22. Date Accepted by Reg. General AUG - 8 1961				23. Evidence for Delayed Filing or Alteration	

I CERTIFY THIS IS A TRUE COPY OR
ABSTRACT OF THE RECORD ON FILE IN
THE HAWAII STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

APR 25 2011

Alvin T. Onaka, Ph.D.
STATE REGISTRAR

Exhibit "E"

THE REPOSITORY™

ARCHIVE INDEX SYSTEMS, INC.

IMAGING TECHNOLOGIES TO EXPAND MAN'S KNOWLEDGE

P.O. Box 40135

BELLEVUE, WASHINGTON 98015

(425) 643.1131; FAX (240) 384-7297

Response to this report: diehold@comcast.net

WEB PAGES

www.archiveindex.com

www.wholesalecheckscanners.com

RESELLERS OF

PRODUCTION DOCUMENT SCANNERS

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CHECK SCANNERS

WEB-BASED DOCUMENT IMAGING SOFTWARE

SCANNING SOFTWARE

News Release of June 13, 2011

Final Analysis of President Obama's Certificate of Live Birth

By Douglas Vogt

Re: Legal proof that President Obama's Certificate of Live Birth is a forgery.

Dear Sir/Madam,

I have irrefutably proven that the Certificate of Live Birth that President Obama presented to the world on April 27, 2011 is a fraudulently created document put together using the Adobe Photoshop or Illustrator or other graphic programs on a Mac OS computer and the creation of this forgery of a public document constitutes a class B felony in Hawaii and multiple violations under U.S. Code Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 47, Sec.1028, and therefore an impeachable offense. When this comes to the public's attention, it will be the greatest scandal in the country's history—nothing comes even close. This will surpass all previous scandals including the Watergate scandal of the Nixon administration.

My Credentials

I have a unique background that enables me to analyze this document in a competent, detailed, and extensive manner. I owned a typesetting company (Nova Typesetting) for eleven years, and thus have extensive knowledge and experience in type and form design. I have owned Archive Index Systems since 1993, a company that sells a wide selection of document scanners worldwide, and which also developed and sold document imaging software (TheRepository). Additionally, I have an extensive knowledge of how scanners function and their capabilities. I have also sold other document imaging programs, such as Laser Fiche, Liberty and Alchemy. I have sold and installed document imaging systems in city and county governments, and thus have extensive knowledge of municipal and county document imaging programs and procedures, including the design and implementation of such programs. Additionally, I have a good working knowledge of Adobe Photoshop and Illustrator. These factors will be crucial in understanding what has occurred with Obama's Certificate of Live Birth.

What President Obama Presented to the Public is an alleged Certificate of Live Birth.

What President Obama presented is not the hospital birth certificate. In most states the hospital birth certificate would have the imprint of the baby's footprint, weight, length and other information. Most hospitals take a footprint of the baby before the baby even leaves the birthing room. This is done to establish positive identification. In my state of Washington, the religion of the parents is even identified on the hospital birth certificate. The birth certificate would be the source of the same information that would be typed onto the Certificate of Live Birth (the Long Form, COLB). What President Obama released was supposedly a copy of the Long Form that the county gets from the hospital, which is typed on a blank form and given to the hospitals by the county. That copy is then mailed to the county Board of Health and kept as a legal government document. On Obama's form (see Figure 1) the County Clerk supposedly hand stamped the form on the upper right hand corner

with a Bates number stamp. The number is a sequential number that reflects the sequence of Certificates that come into the County Health Department on a daily basis. The number was most likely stamped by hand because the number is crooked. The County Clerk also hand stamps the date of acceptance in boxes 20 and 22. Obama's Long Form was supposedly received on August 8, 1961, four days after his birth. The County Clerk would then sign the certificate (box 21) with his or her complete legal name, no initials.

Figure 1. Tiff image of Obama's Certificate of Live Birth dated August 8, 1961.

Figure 2. The microfilmed Certificate of Live Birth of Susan Nordyke dated August 11, 1961.

There are four important things wrong with the White House story of how they acquired the Certificate of Live Birth from the Department of Health on April 25, 2011 and with the document they presented to the country on April 27, 2011. There was a prepress conference at 8:48 a.m. about an hour before President Obama gave his news conference. The 8:48 a.m. press conference was given by Mr. Carney the Press Secretary, Mr. Dan Pfeiffer the Director of Communications and Mr. Robert Bauer the President's White House Counsel (now resigned). In that press conference Mr. Bauer gave the impression that it was a difficult process to get the President a Long Form Certificate of Live Birth but when I examined the Hawaii law (Appendix B) §338-13 states "the department of health shall [my emphasis], upon request, furnish to any applicant a certified copy of any certificate, or the contents of any certificate, or any part thereof." Further §338-18 Disclosure of records section list a great number of parties who would have a right to get such a form including: "The registrant;" "A person or agency acting on behalf of the registrant"; and "A governmental agency or organization who for a legitimate government purpose maintains and needs to update official lists of persons in the ordinary course of the agency's or organization's activities." The three I have listed here the White House Attorney could have easily used to demand a certified copy of the Long Form Certificate of Live Birth. There were over twenty different types of individuals or agencies who could have legally requested these certificates with little difficulty.

The second major problem is Mr. Pfeiffer's admission that they had received two stamped and sealed copies of the COLB from Hawaii. This was revealed when a reporter asked Mr. Pfeiffer: "Q You've got two certified copies, according to this study. You have these physical -- MR. PFEIFFER: Yes. I showed you one. Just one."

Q You showed us a photocopy of one.

MR. PFEIFFER: No, I showed you --

Q Does that have a stamp?

MR. PFEIFFER: It has a seal on it.”

The White House Press Corps had received a packet with a black and white copy of the COLB but it did not display any security paper design in the background. The only place it faintly showed up was in the grayscale side bar on the left where the page curved down. The question is: Why did the White House reproduce a grayscale copy with no background green color? The answer will become obvious later but first I needed to discover how they did it. There are two ways to drop out a color. One way is to just use a dropout filter on your color scanner and green is one of the colors that can be dropped out. The second way is to first export the image out of the PDF file as a tiff or jpg format then to bring it into Photoshop or Illustrator and adjust the color balance, the brightness and contrast. Next I had to select all the type and line elements in the picture and copy that but not copy the background remnant color. The next step was to open a new document file and import it into the new page as a grayscale image. I did final adjustments to the background and contrast and the end result is the same as what the White House gave the Press Corp. The question is: Why did they go to such trouble to do this? Now comes the next part of the mystery.

Earlier that morning Savannah Guthrie, a reporter from MSNBC and their legal adviser, stated “I saw the certified copy of long-form POTUS birth certificate today, **felt the raised seal** [my emphasis], snapped this pic[ture]. And here is the wider shot I took of the birth certificate.” Her photo (see Figure A) of the document showed the left and right hand sides of the document so I knew that was 8.5” wide. This security paper is commercially available and is called Green 8½x11; 24 lb. basketweave security paper. I was then able to determine the scale of all the components on the form. I have gone into greater detail in #6 below but the end result is that the seal she saw and supposedly felt was only 1¾” in diameter. The legal seal (See #6 for the Hawaii statute) is supposed to be 2¼” in diameter and hence not a legal seal. There was a surprise in this discovery. The current Department of Health seal is not the same one they had in the 1960s. That one was 2¼” in diameter (see Figure 18) but the Obama COLB seal is not legal—it’s the wrong size! The Obama seal, besides the size problem, is not legible. You cannot make out any of the words, the stars or the Caduceus therefore we do not know if it’s even the Department’s seal. Savannah Guthrie was used by the administration to verify a document that was fraudulently created.

This is why I think the administration created a grayscale image of the COLB for the Press Corps people and also had Savannah Guthrie see a color picture with a seal embossing on it. The White house knew they had a problem with the seal being too faint and the wrong size so they made it impossible for the news people to see any evidence of a seal but they chose a lawyer from a very sympathetic news agency, MSNBC to verify a seal was there. I will assume Ms. Guthrie had no idea the news conference that morning was about the Certificate of Live Birth. I will assume she did not know the correct size of the Hawaiian Department of Health’s seal and didn’t think anything of it. The administration used her to verify to the rest of the Press Corps that there was a seal on the form and may have damaged her credibility as a news reporter.

The third major problem is: Was there in fact two different Certificates received from the Hawaii Department of Health? The following information was brought to my attention by another researcher, Robert Moore. He had noticed that both the rubber stamped signature of the State Registrar (see Figure B and Figure 23) and date stamp were in the exact same placement on the Certificate Guthrie saw as well as the Certificate that the reporters and the public saw generated by the PDF on the White House web site later that afternoon. If we take the administrations word that they had two signed and sealed certificates (COLB) then it is impossible to have both certificates

have two applied rubber stamps on it in the exact same position and location. In fact Robert Moore had made a transparency of the web site PDF and overlaid it over the Savannah Guthrie photo and they matched perfectly. I had checked his work by measuring it using the ruler feature in Photoshop and found that they were exact. This is impossible with hand stamped forms.



Figure A: Savannah Guthrie's picture of the COLB, Copy A.

The Forth item is very strange and it involves the “A” in the Registrar’s signature on both forms. The Guthrie Form (see Figure B) shows no added character under the Capital A in Alvin but the other Certificate form the Press Corps and the public PDF has a mysterious italic “E” under the capital “A”. It means either we have two documents both with problems #2 and 3. Or we have really one document produced from a common PDF file that they later put the italic “E” under the capital “A” for whatever reason (see Figure 23).

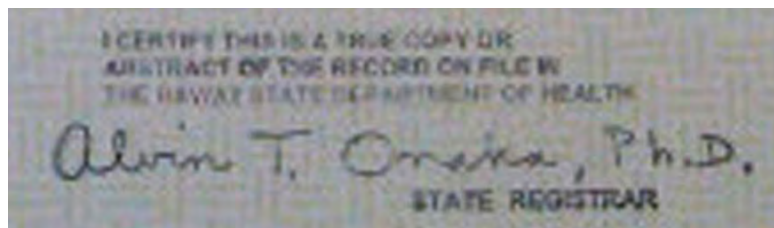


Figure B: Registrars signature on Savannah Guthrie's photo of the Obama COLB.

Brief History of Document Archiving and Document Imaging

Before document imaging came into being in the late 1980s, documents like these were archived and stored in post-bound books (post binders). During the April 27, 2011 8:48 am press conference, just before the President spoke, White House Counsel Robert Bauer reaffirmed that by stating: “It is in a bound volume in the records at the state Department of Health in Hawaii.”

Many times they would be microfilmed flat (not in a binder) and stored on reels or microfiche besides the originals. Figure 2 shows an example of a microfilmed Certificate of Live Birth for a person born one day after (August 5) Barack Obama in the same Kapiolani Maternity &

Gynecological Hospital. Since we have an example of a microfilmed Long Form then it is safe to say that all Certificates in that period were microfilmed and still available for inspection as well as the original paper copy. Also these Certificates were embossed with the County's department seal (see Figure 21) as well as signed.

The Federal Government, to standardize law and security features, prevent fraud and detect terrorists, Passed The Federal Minimum Standards for Birth Certificates in 2004; Title 7, Sec. 7211(a)-(d), (See Appendix C for the entire law citation) Which states:

“(b) Standards for Acceptance by Federal Agencies. -

“(1) In general. - Beginning 2 years after the promulgation of minimum standards under paragraph (3), no Federal agency may accept a birth certificate for any official purpose unless the certificate conforms to such standards.

“(2) State certification. -

“(A) In general. - Each State shall certify to the Secretary of Health and Human Services that the State is in compliance with the requirements of this section.

In addition the Federal law clearly states that the Secretary of Health and Human Services may conduct periodic audits of each State's compliance with the requirements of this section. The purpose of the law was to standardize the formats and security features on birth and death records to prevent fraud and detect terrorists. The law also makes it clear that the Federal Government wanted the states to computerize their source documents, which also meant scanning them into a document imaging system. In Appendix C I have highlighted in red, the important sections of the law.

“(D) Audits. - The Secretary of Health and Human Services may conduct periodic audits of each State's compliance with the requirements of this section.

One of the reasons I mentioned the Federal law is because when President Obama gave his news conference, presenting his alleged Certificate of Live Birth, he stated that they had to get special permission to get a copy of his Certificate. His statement appears to be blatantly wrong because these are public documents and he could have requested a copy himself at any time as well as his Secretary of Health and Human Services could have audited the County's records and gotten a copy any time they wanted.

I do not know when the Hawaii Health Department acquired and implemented a document imaging system but it had to be within two years of the enactment of this law. Let me explain the process whereby the Long Form Certificates would have been scanned in. When a county or city institutes a document imaging system, it would start scanning their documents into the system. If the forms are all just type and lines, it would most likely be scanned in as binary images (black pixel or white pixel). If there are photos or other halftone graphics on the page, it may be scanned in as a grayscale which consists of 256 levels of gray going from 0 for white to 255 for black. If there is color on the documents, they may scan them in as color images, but color images are large and impractical to store significant amount of them on the server. The legitimate forms done by the Hawaii Board of Health were scanned in using both grayscale and binary modes. The reason I know this is because I found both methods used on the forms. You cannot have both on an original scanned image from an original.

I should also mention that most document imaging programs save the images as Group IV TIFFs because they produce the best compressed file size. Later programs will also let you put PDFs and other file formats into the database but they are not created by the scanning program but rather existing PDF files created external to the scanning program.

Some of the information on the Long Form is also put into government databases that are used to produce the short form version of the Certificate of Live Birth.

Document imaging systems use a database engine to store the database fields and file locations. Some of the popular databases used are Oracle or Microsoft's Sequel Server. The database is used by the clerks to perform data searches.

The images would be stored on the server at a specific location and the file name would be a series of number and letters. The image would include the correct file origination date (the system date of the server with time added). All imaging programs will let the clerk export an image out and save it in a different location or give it to someone else. The original would still be in the file server. If the Clerk had permission on the server and/or imaging program they could also delete the original image and replace it with another, but the origination date for the image file on the server would be newer than the original. So if there was a real Obama Certificate of Live Birth on the server and for some reason someone wanted to alter it, the new image file would have a newer system date. If there was never a legitimate Obama Certificate of Live Birth entered into the system, then the fraudulent one would have a much newer origination date. System dates on servers are usually controlled by clocks outside the server and usually online. Usually the only person who has full access to the server is the system administrator in the IT department. No clerk would or should have that kind of access.

There would also be a database record that contains the file name of the image in the server with its correct location. The program would also have an audit trail that records who logged on, the time, what the person added, deleted, entered, searched for and even the IP address of the PC the person logged into. All of these records are public records that any member of the public can request a copy of. That is true here in Washington State but it is more restrictive in Hawaii. If the County Health Department gets a request for a Long Form, the clerk would search for the name in the document imaging program. When the program finds the correct name, the image of the Certificate of Live Birth would appear on the screen, which the clerk would print out on a laser printer on some type of security paper which is green in the case of Obama's Certificate (see Figure 1). That is what we are led to believe from what Obama presented on television to the public on April 27, 2011.

What I Discovered about Obama's Certificate of Live Birth and why it is a Forgery.

What the Obama administration released is a PDF image that they are trying to pass off as a Certificate Live Birth Long Form printed on green security paper by the County Health Department, but this form is a created forgery. Ironically the country has a lot to thank Mr. Donald Trump and Mr. Jerome Corsi and his new book, [Where's the Birth Certificate?](#), because they made President Obama's birth certificate a public issue which in turn forced the White House to produce this forgery to answer both of them. The Obama Certificate of Live Birth Long Form is a forgery for the following reasons.

1. Curved and non-curved type. The image we are looking at was scanned in grayscale and some part in binary which cannot be on the same image. The reason I know this is because of the shadowing along the gutter (left-hand side) is produced by scanning in grayscale. It also means that the county employee, who did the original scanning of all the forms, did not take the individual pages out of the post binders. The result is that all the pages in that book display a parallax distorted image of the lines and type. They curve and drop down to the left. If you look at line 2 (see Figure 3) on the form that says *Sex* you will notice the letters drop down one pixel but the typed word *Male* does not. Also notice the line just below *Male* drops down 3 pixels.

The second incident of this parallax problem is seen in line 6c *Name of Hospital or Institution* (see Figure 4). The word *Name* drops down 2 pixels, but the typed hospital name, *Kapiolani*, does not drop down at all, and again the line just below drops down 2 pixels, but not the name *Kapiolani*.

The conclusion you must come to is that the typed in form was superimposed over an existing original Certificate of Live Birth form. In fact, since I found some of the form headings scanned in as binary and grayscale, the form itself is a composite but the person who created it did not flatten the image of the blank form and save it as one file before they started placing the typewriter text on the composite form. The individual(s) who perpetrated this forgery could not evidently find a blank form in the clerks imaging database, so they were forced to clean up existing forms and overlay the typewriter type we see here. The forger was also looking for certificates with the correct stamped dates and that is why I think they used more than one original form. At first I wondered why the forger didn't just typeset the entire form from scratch and overlay the type and not have to worry about the parallax problem. Then I remembered that in the early 1960s there was no phototypesetting and this form was set in hot metal from a linotype machine. The type design I think is Times Roman but they could never replicate the exact design. They were stuck having to use existing forms that were scanned in using binary and grayscale.



Figure 3. Line 2 of the form. Baseline differences.

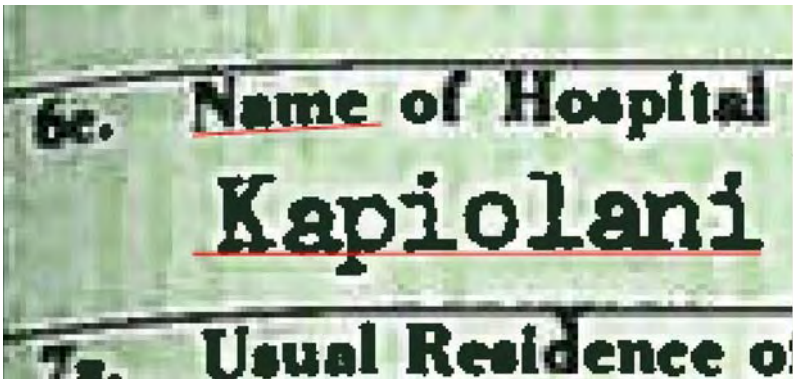


Figure 4. Line 6c at 500%. The typewriter name of the hospital does not drop down 2 pixels.

2. There is a white halving around all the type on the form. Figure 5 is an example of this. This effect should not appear on a scanned grayscale image. Figure 6 is a grayscale image scanned in at 240 dpi. You will notice that there is no halving effect around the type and also the security pattern is seen through the type. Figure 7 is a color image where you can clearly see the security green color through the type and no halving. Figure 8 shows a Black and White (binary) image of the same type. The important thing to remember is that you cannot have grayscale and binary on the same scan unless the image is a composite. This means that different components of the whole image are made up of smaller parts. Figure 9 is an enlarged version of Figure 6 showing what grayscale letters should look like compared to binary.

The next question would be: What would have caused the haloling effect? We know that all the original Certificates of Live Birth (COLB) were microfilmed because we can see the Nordyke Certificate (see Figure 2) was microfilmed. Then some time after 2004 the paper original copies, in post binder books, were scanned using a commercial document scanner with a flatbed, scanned as grayscale images. The forger was working with two types of images. He/she may have used images printed from the microfilmed copy and then scanned the printout in grayscale. At that point the forger would have to invert the image so as to have a white background, black type. Figure 10 is an example of an inverted image of Figure 2. The result would be like Figure 9 but a whiter background. The image I am working with in Figure 10 is only 94 DPI but the forger was working with much higher resolution (≥ 240 dpi). At that point the forger converted the grayscale to a binary image and placed it onto the background form image. The problem was that there were still image values for the pixels around the placed type so when he/she placed the type image over the background and instructed the program to bring the type “forward” it blanked out the background image, hence the haloling effect around the type.

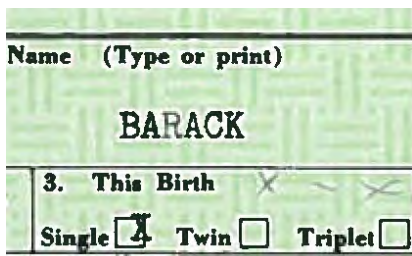


Figure 5. Obama’s form

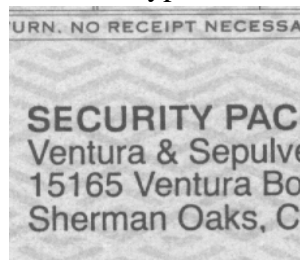


Figure 6. Grayscale.

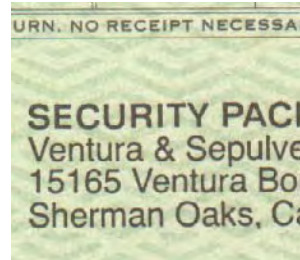


Figure 7. Color image.

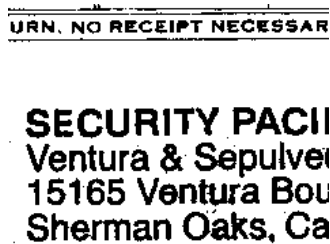


Figure 8. Binary image.

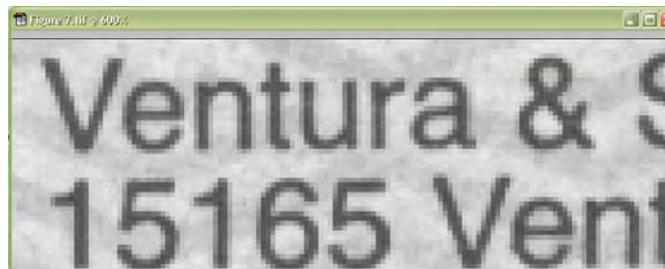


Figure 9. An enlarged version of Figure 6 showing grayscale type.

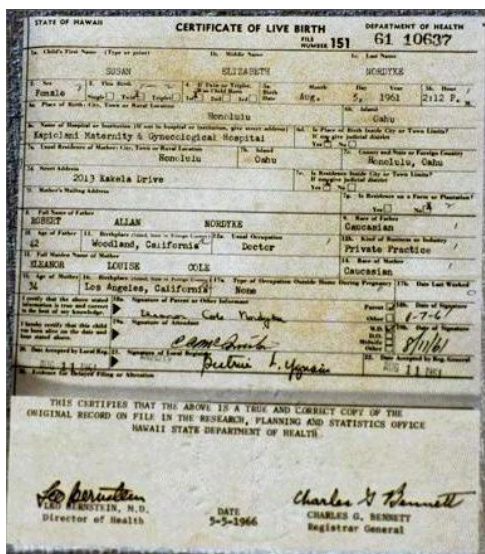


Figure 10, Inverted image of Figure 2.

3. The Obama Certificate is loaded with both binary and grayscale letters which is just another smoking gun that this form is a forgery. It appears the lines and some of the boxes were scanned using grayscale, but only some of the form headings were grayscale and sometimes it is only some letters. Figure 11 and Figure 4 give one example. You will notice that the *H* and, *al*, in Hospital, *I* in Institution, *If* and again the *h* and *l* in hospital were grayscale images, but the rest of the line is binary. The typewriter line below was scanned in as a binary image. I can also tell you for certainty that the form type was scanned in at a lower resolution (≤ 200 dpi). This is because of the size of the pixels on the letters were such that the openings on the *a* and *s* on the first line are not visible and filled in. This may also further indicate that forger took some of the type images from the microfilmed copies.

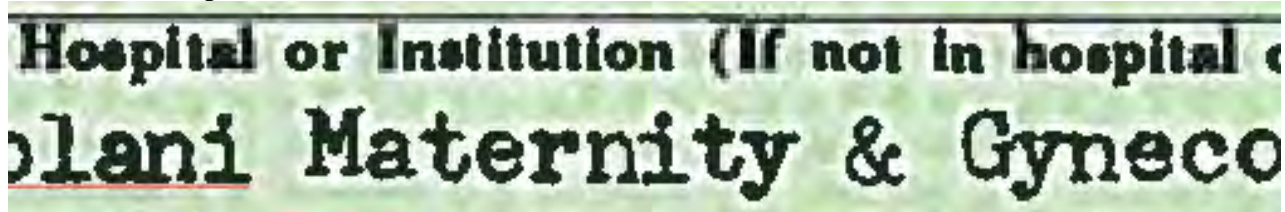


Figure 11. showing a mixture of grayscale and binary type on the same line.

Another example is found in form box 1a, his name *BARACK* for some reason the “R” is a grayscale image and the rest is binary (see Figure 13). That means the “R” was originally on the form and the rest was not until it was added.

The question again is: Why did the forger leave some grayscale type images on the form and not just erase the whole form? The answer is that he/she needed the grayscale images to re-establish the baseline of the type for the superimposed binary type. This also told me that the forger was an experienced graphic artist.



Figure 13. Another example of grayscale and binary on the same line.



Figure 14. The last “1” is grayscale, but the rest are binary.

Another example is the Certificate number itself (see Figure 14). The last “1” on the form is a grayscale image but the rest of the numbers are not. It also has a different baseline. This is just another example of a cut and paste job. It also means we do not know what the real Certificate number is if there even is one. There are other form boxes that display the same feature, boxes: 5b, 7e, 11, 13, 16, 18a.

4. The Sequential Number is a fraud. I would like you to refer back to Figures 1 and 2. You will notice that Barack Obama was supposed to have been born on Friday at 7:24 p.m. August 4, 1961 and the local registrar supposedly accepted it on Tuesday August 8, 1961 and hand stamped the Certificate number “61 10641.” Then notice that the other Certificate of Susan E. Nordyke was born on Saturday at 2:12 p.m. August 5, 1961 and another registrar date stamped it on August 11, but her Certificate number is “61 10637.” Susan Nordyke was a twin and her sister’s Certificate number is 61 10638. Keep in mind there would be only one Bates stamp machine in the office so the numbers would all be unique. There cannot be any duplicates so every Certificate has a unique serial number. Obama’s Certificate would have most likely been mailed on the following Monday, the 7th and received by the Clerk Tuesday the 8th. Susan Nordyke and her sister’s Certificates looks like they were mailed sometime earlier that week and not accepted until the 11th but Susan has a Certificate four numbers less than Obama’s. It is impossible to have Obama’s Certificate number to be four numbers higher than a Certificate that came in three days later.

As stated in #3 the last “1” on the form is a grayscale image but the rest of the numbers are not (see Figure 14). You will also notice that the baseline of the last “1” is straight and level but the rest of the numbers are slanted. This is again irrefutable proof that the Certificate number is a composite of two numbers and hence a forgery. This forgery comes under a separate offense and carries with it 5-years in prison [see Appendix D: Title 19, Ch.47, Sec. 1028(d)(1)].

The facts I have shown you in #3 and 4 tell me several things about how this forgery was assembled. 1. Some person(s) in the Health Department, who had access to the document imaging program, searched the database for someone close to the actual birth date of Obama and found someone near the 4th of August, if in fact he was born on the 4th and we should not assume that at all. Obama may have chosen the 4th of August because they had a baby who died close to his date of birth. The clerk may have cross referenced the death database to find someone who had died and had a birth date close to Obama’s. It has been reported that an infant girl named Virginia Sunahara was born on August 4, 1961 at Wahiawa Hospital in Wahiawa, Oahu, HI who died on August 5, 1961 at the Kapiolani Women and Children’s Medical Center, due to complications. This happens to coincide with the date of birth and birthplace of the Nordyke twins. We could make two assumptions here. 1. Wahiawa Hospital customarily would have completed the COLB form and mailed it to the County Health Department; and 2. Kapiolani Medical Center would have filled out the death certificate. The other less likely scenario could be that her medical records were transferred to Kapiolani Hospital and they would produce the birth certificate and later the death certificate which was later included in the group of birth certificates that contained the Nordyke twins.

The Federal Government wanted the States to cross reference the birth and death databases so the database would have that information. The date stamps have two different colors and sizes (see #5 below) which indicates that both dates came from different Certificates. We can conclude from this that more than one person was involved in the Hawaii Department of Health in assembling the different components that were used: 1. Someone to conduct the database searches to find the right Certificates to create the fraudulent Certificate of Live Birth; and 2. Someone who signed or stamped the fraudulent certificate. I believe that after all the components were assembled they were then given to a graphic artist to actually assemble the whole thing and create the finished forgery. That graphic artist could be located anywhere. In short this was a multi-state conspiracy to defraud the United States.

5. Two different colors in Form box 22 and 20 Date Accepted by Reg. General. What is very revealing about this box and date entry is there are two different colors on both lines where there should be no color at all. Both lines were scanned using binary mode, but I see two different colors (see Figure 15). What I think this shows us is that the person who put this fraud together was looking

for a form that had the right date namely “August 8 19_1.” As you can see the only things that are printed in dark green (R=71, G=92, B=73) are “Date A” and “AUG -8 6.” The rest of the type is in black. This tells me that the forger was working in color mode and what they copied from had a color value for some reason unless they put a color value on it.



Figure 15. Two different colors, dark green and black.

The same thing is found in form box 20 “Date Accepted by Local Reg.” Figure 16 again shows that the date has two different colors. The “AUG -8 196” is in dark green (R=87, G=111, B=87) and the “1” is in black. Yet again another irrefutable proof this form is a forgery. Form box 17a displays the same two color image in the word “None”. The “Non” is in dark green.



Figure 16. Another example of two colors on the same line.

6. The official seal is not part of the Certificate of Live Birth and they used the wrong size impression of a seal. The Hawaiian law (Section 11-1-2 Seal of the Department of Health) states:

- a) The official seal of the department of health shall be circular in shape, **two and one-fourth inches in diameter**. At the curve on the top portion there shall be the words “DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH” and at the curve on the bottom portion there shall be the words “STATE OF HAWAII.” At the curve on each side portion shall be a star. In the center of the seal shall be the Caduceus, a winged rod entwined with two serpents, which has long been recognized as a universal symbol of medicine. The Caduceus shall be encircled by an indentation, which shall separate it from the words “DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH” and “STATE OF HAWAII .”



Figure 17, Seal on Obamas Short Form

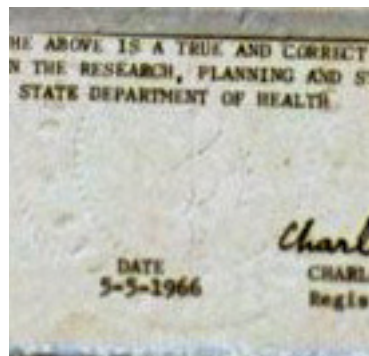


Figure 18: Nordyke seal from 1966

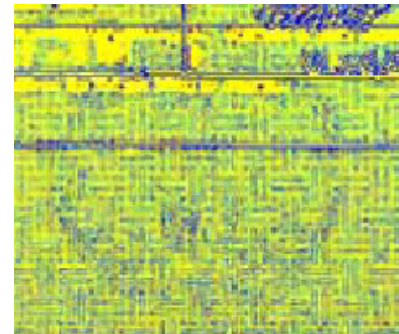


Figure 19: Obama’s COLB long form Apr.2011

(Figure 19 is courtesy of Kevin Powell; www.pixelpatriot.blogspot.com/)

The first Certification of Live Birth Obama the candidate produced in June of 2008 was the “Short Form” of the COLB. It had the Department of Health’s seal embossed on it (see Figure 17) appearing on it about 1.8” from the bottom of the 11 inch paper. That told me the Health Department is using an electric embosser, which applies ample pressure to leave a clear visible embossment.

Hand seal embossers have only 7/8” or less from the edge of the paper for a 1 3/4” seal. The Health Department seal does not appear obvious on the Obama COLB. A good embossment will distort the type and lines on a form and is clearly visible (see Figure 21). Even on the Nordyke Certificate (see Figure 18) in spite of it being an inverted image from a microfilmed image, it is clearly seen. Figure 19 shows Obama’s seal on the COLB presented on April 27, 2011, and is visible only because a color filter was used to see it, otherwise it completely disappears in the design of the security paper (see Figure 20).

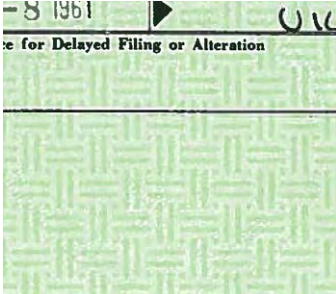


Figure 20: Seal on Obama’s COLB From April 27, 2011.

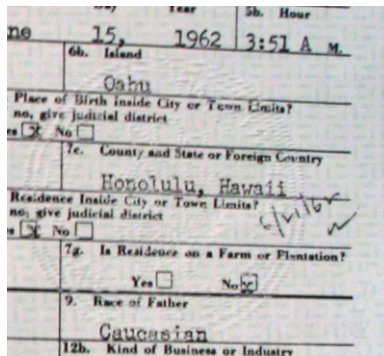


Figure 21: Hand stamped seal from an original COLB from 1962.

The official seal on the Obama COLB is a second or even third generation image from another form. The seal embossing did not distort the lines or type on the form and it most likely was never part of his Certificate. We cannot make out any of the type on the seal as well as the two stars and the Caduceus. The distorted background image of a seal can be created using Photoshop or Illustrator by applying it as a watermark. Yet another indication this Certificate of Live Birth is an obvious forgery.

If that wasn’t enough I then investigated the size of the latent seal image on the Obama certificate and found it to measure only about 1 3/4” in diameter. The procedure I used to discover the seal measurements were as follows: With the Savannah Guthrie photo (see Figure A) of the document I was able to see the left and right hand sides of the document and knew that was 8 1/2” wide. I was then able to determine the scale of all the components on the form. I then measured the line length on the second line from the bottom. Box 20, 21 and 22 rest on. That length is 6.396” long, measured from the first bold vertical line on the left side of the form to the end of the line (see Figure 22). I then adjusted all the images I had for Certificates including non-Obama Certificates, which I had. What I found was that the alleged embossed seal on the Obama COLB were all 1 3/4” in diameter and that is not the legal seal as described by Hawaii state law, which should be 2 1/4”. The administration has the wrong size seal on their certificate and that seal was supposed to be a first generation full size imprint.



Figure 22. The COLB Obama presented on 4/27/11 from the PDF file on the White House web site. The seal measured only 1-7/8” in diameter.

I then examined Certificates of other individuals that I found on the internet. Figure 23 is of a Certification short form of Patricia Decosta dated 2002 and it is also 1 3/4”. As stated in the Hawaii state code, it must be 2.25” in diameter. The current Department of Health seal is not the same one

they had in the 1960s. That one was 2¼” in diameter (see Figure 18) but the current seal is not legal—it’s the wrong size and the type is not legible! You cannot make out any of the words, the stars or the Caduceus. I will be notifying the Department of Health of their gross error in the hope they will fit it with a new legal seal. Some time after 1966 the original legal seal was “lost” or stolen because they do not wear out. Some bureaucrat ordered a replacement and was either ignorant of the law or too stupid to ask if there was a specific requirement for the seal. What mystifies me is that the Director of the Department of Health and the registrars did not spot the error and fix it. My conclusion is they just didn’t care about the law.

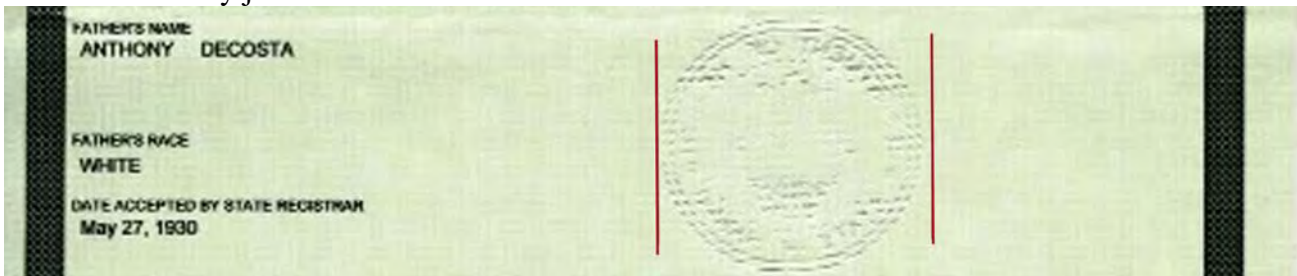


Figure 23. The Certification of Patricia Decosta dated 2002.

7. The hand stamped certification from the current registrar is a forged stamped notice.

The Department of Health has the right to produce a legal copy of the original Certificate of Live Birth for people who have the appropriate right to receive one. The Clerk in the office would search the document imaging database and retrieve the correct Certificate. The Clerk would then print out the tiff image on the green security paper. They would then take a rubber stamp that states the following: I CERTIFY THIS IS A TRUE COPY OR ABSTRACT OF THE RECORD ON FILE IN THE HAWAII STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH. Then below this notice would be the likeness of the State Registrar’s signature, in this case it was Alvin T. Onaka, Ph.D. Then the clerk would stamp the date to the left of the certification. See Figure 24 for a Certificate done one month before the Obama’s April 25, 2011 Certificate. Please note that since it is a hand stamp the certificate stamp is skewed up on the right side.

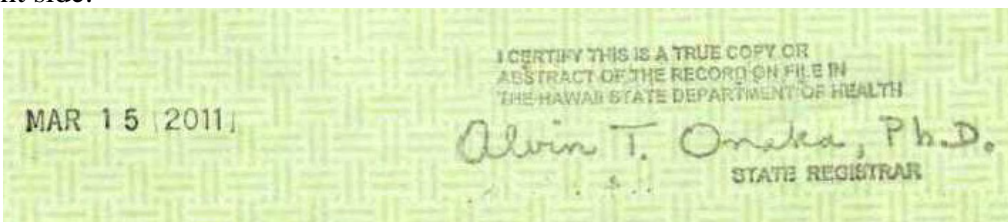


Figure 24. Registrar stamp on a persons Certificate done March 2011.

Now let us look at Obama’s Certificate (see Figure 25) supposedly done on Aril 25, 2011. Notice the registrar’s rubber stamp has an error on the word “the” which reads “TXE,” but this error does not show up on the same rubber stamp used one month before. In Figure 26 you will see an enlargement of the word. You will notice that the “X” had been created by the graphic artist by filling in pixels so it appears like an “X” but it really is not. Also notice that the whole stamp is too straight on the form. The red lines drawn under two of the lines of type are aligned with the pixels. The stamp rises only two pixels over 3”. My conclusion is that the whole stamp was placed there by the graphic artist to look as straight as possible. The only problem is that no hand stamped notice like this would be placed that perfect on the page.

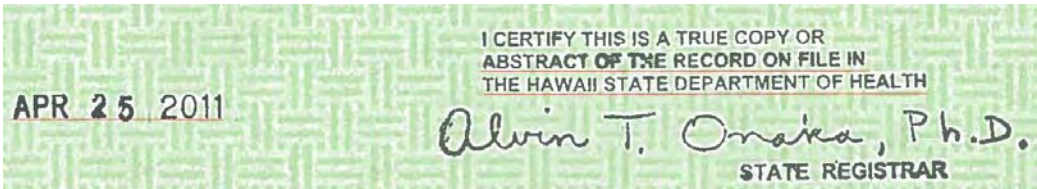


Figure 25. Obama's Registrar stamp with the errors on it,



Figure 26. Enlargement of the "TXE."

Other investigators have mentioned what looks like an italic "E" under the capital "A" in Alvin. In Figure 24 the same artifact does not appear. This artifact also does not show up on the Savannah Guthrie photo but does appear on all the other copies and PDFs the White House displayed. We have to assume either the artifact was already on the security image the forger used, and forgot to erase it, or it was placed there deliberately for some reason that we don't know yet.

8. Forged signatures of the Mother and Registrar. Forgery of a signature occurs in three ways. The old methods were someone would practice signing another's signature until they got good at it. Another was to simply trace the signature from a previously known signature. The new way is to find a signature and scan it into a computer. Then place that signature, or parts of a signature, onto the desired form or check. The signature of the mother, *Ann Dunham Obama* in Box 18a is made up of two images. The "Ann D" is in grayscale and the rest of her name is a binary image. The signature of the registrar *U"K"L Lee* is also made up of the same image types. The "K" really looks like "IL" and the *I* is a binary image and the rest of his name is grayscale. That means the *I* was added in another layer. Both errors can be seen included in Figure 27. Irrefutable proof the Obama Certificate is a forgery.

9. Multiple layers in the PDF file from the White House. I am not the first one to find this fact and they deserve the credit for discovering it. What they discovered is that when you open up the PDF file in Adobe Illustrator and you turn on layers, you see a long list of nine different layers that correspond to different sections of the form, including the signatures on the form. Figure 27 shows the layer that contains most of the typewriter and form text.

I discovered using just my Adobe Acrobat 8 Standard that I could also see the different components disappear when I enlarged the image to just 400% and used the "hand" tool to quickly move around the image. When I moved the image fast, the various type components would disappear from the form but the lines stayed just as I had concluded.

I also opened up the White House PDF file in WordPad so I could see the codes and headers in the file. There I discovered the evidence for the nine layers embedded in the code (see below). The big surprise I discovered was that the file was finished or created on April 27, 2011 at 12:09 pm and the copy I had downloaded from the White House web site was modified on April 28, 2011 at 9:58 am, the day after the news conference. The whole White House story that the President had his Seattle-based lawyer fly to Hawaii and pick up two signed and stamped paper Certificates of Live Birth and fly directly to Washington DC, is obviously not the document the public has been shown. In other words the whole story may not be true. I checked the cost for UPS to ship the documents next day and delivery by 8:30 am Tuesday and it was only \$84.00. I checked the cost for a lawyer to fly

last minute from Seattle to Hawaii then to Washington DC it is thousands of dollars. Their story is just not believable.

The PDF file indicates the PDF “CreatorTool” was *Preview* which is an Apple product that is just like Adobe’s Acrobat Standard, which is a viewer and print driver. It is not a photo and image design program. It is just the program that created the PDF file (as a print driver). The Preview program can also read twenty-six different image and document types, that includes Adobe Illustrator and Photoshop.

Defenders of the Administration’s argument that the layers were created by an OCR program (Optical Character Recognition) are also ridiculously wrong because the PDF file is not a searchable PDF therefore no OCR process was performed and additionally no text object was found within the PDF file I examined.

```
2 0 obj
<</Subtype/XML/Length 3759/Type/Metadata>>stream
<xap:CreateDate>2011-04-27T12:09:24Z</xap:CreateDate>
  <xap:CreatorTool>Preview</xap:CreatorTool>
  <xap:ModifyDate>2011-04-28T09:58:24-07:00</xap:ModifyDate>
  <xap:MetadataDate>2011-04-28T09:58:24-07:00</xap:MetadataDate>
```

The following are the header codes for the 9 layers embedded throughout the file.

```
13 0 obj
<</Subtype/Image/Length 299366/Filter/DCTDecode/BitsPerComponent 8/ColorSpace 9 0 R/Width 1652/Height 1276/Type/XObject>>stream
14 0 obj
<</Subtype/Image/Length 67980/Filter/FlateDecode/ImageMask true/BitsPerComponent 1/Width 1454/Height 1819/Type/XObject>>stream
15 0 obj
<</Subtype/Image/Length 5510/Filter/FlateDecode/ImageMask true/BitsPerComponent 1/Width 199/Height 778/Type/XObject>>stream
16 0 obj
<</Subtype/Image/Length 480/Filter/FlateDecode/ImageMask true/BitsPerComponent 1/Width 42/Height 274/Type/XObject>>stream
17 0 obj
<</Subtype/Image/Length 633/Filter/FlateDecode/ImageMask true/BitsPerComponent 1/Width 123/Height 228/Type/XObject>>stream
18 0 obj
<</Subtype/Image/Length 436/Filter/FlateDecode/ImageMask true/BitsPerComponent 1/Width 47/Height 216/Type/XObject>>stream
19 0 obj
<</Subtype/Image/Length 173/Filter/FlateDecode/ImageMask true/BitsPerComponent 1/Width 34/Height 70/Type/XObject>>stream
20 0 obj
<</Subtype/Image/Length 671/Filter/FlateDecode/ImageMask true/BitsPerComponent 1/Width 243/Height 217/Type/XObject>>stream
21 0 obj
<</Subtype/Image/Length 344/Filter/FlateDecode/ImageMask true/BitsPerComponent 1/Width 132/Height 142/Type/XObject>>stream
```

Some of the examples of the layering can be found on the following YouTube web sites.

This one shows the layering in Illustrator:

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wQAqvtXenKg&feature=related>

This one shows that letter “B” in box 1e and 8 are exactly the same, another example of cut and paste.

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aMLdrrC1-xs&feature=mfu_in_order&list=UL

Another good explanation of layering showing at least 9 layers.

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QNJfdKClbH4&feature=related>

The discovery of nine layers in the PDF image didn’t matter for my analysis 1 through 7 because I was able to export the image as a TIFF (18.35 MB) out of that PDF using my Adobe Standard software. So I was working from a flattened image and was able to find all that I did, in other words the layers were irrelevant to me but was just further proof that the Obama’s Certificate of Live Birth is a forgery.

STATE OF HAWAII CERTIFICATE OF LIVE BIRTH DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
 FILE NUMBER 151 61 1064

1. Child's First Name (Type or print) BA ACK 1b. Middle Name HUSSEIN 1c. Last Name OBAMA, II

2. Sex Male 3. This Birth Sta 1st Twin Triplet 4. If Twin or Triplet, Was Child Born 5a. Birth Date Month Day Year 5b. Hour August 4 1961 7:24 P.

6a. Island Oahu 6b. Is Place of Birth Inside City or Town limits? Yes No 6c. Usual Residence of Mother: City, Town or Rural Location Honolulu 7a. Island Oahu 7b. County and State or Foreign Country Honolulu, Hawaii

7c. Is Residence Inside City or Town Limits? Yes No 7d. Street Address 6085 Kalaniana'ole Highway 7e. Is Residence on a Farm or Plantation? Yes No

8. Full Name of Father BARACK HUSSEIN OBAMA 9. Race of Father African 10. Age of Father 25 11. Birthplace (land, sea or foreign country) Kenya, East Africa 12a. Usual Occupation Student 12b. Kind of Business or Industry University

13. Full Maiden Name of Mother TANLEY ANN 14. Race of Mother Caucasian 15. Age of Mother 18 16. Birthplace (land, sea or foreign country) Wichita Kansas 17a. Type of Occupation Outside Home During Pregnancy 0 17b. Date Last Worked 8-7-61

18a. I certify that the above stated information is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. 18b. Date of Signature 8-7-61
 19a. Signature (readant) *Michelle Obama* 19b. Date of Signature 8-8-61
 19c. I hereby certify that this child was born alive on the date and hour stated above. 19d. Signature (readant) *Michelle Obama* 19e. Date of Signature 8-8-61
 20. Date Accepted by Local Reg. 21. Signature of Local Registrar 22. accepted by Reg. General 19-1
 23. Evidence Fee Delayed Filing or Alteration

Figure 27: The layer that contains most of the forms text and typewriter text.

I have received other White House PDF files from Graphic artists around the country. As a result I received a PDF Certificate that was put up on the White House web site no more than 10 minutes after it was uploaded. That PDF showed nine layers, no OCR (see Figure 28), Image file created at 7:50 am on the 27th (see Figure 29) and finally the PDF file created using *Preview* (the print driver) and modified on 4/27/11 at 12:09 p.m., which is similar to my file. My conclusion is that this shows the individuals in the White House were “fixing” or changing this forgery as late as 7:50 a.m., an hour before the pre-news conference.

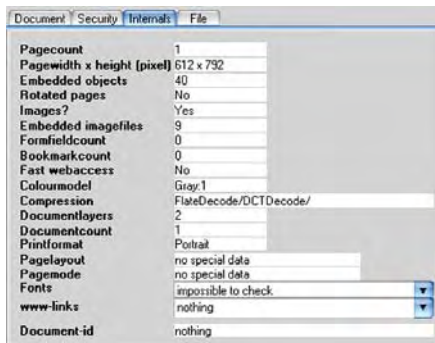


Figure 28. Shows 9 layers and no OCR.



Figure 29. Created 7:50 AM

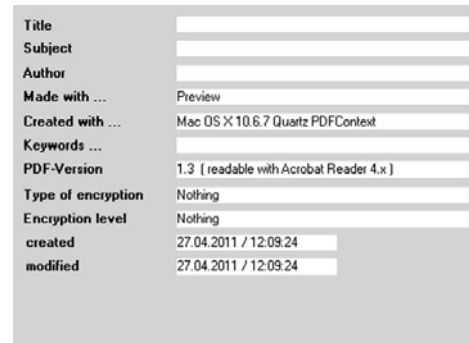


Figure 30. PDF modified 4/27/11 @ 12:09 am.

A Rebuttal to the Discovery of the Multi Layers Found in the PDF File.

To begin with the White House PDF was not a searchable PDF therefore no OCR process was performed on the image and therefore the following rebuttal and defense of Obama’s COLB is irrelevant and a very poor attempt at defending this blatant forgery.

The only rebuttal to the nine layers discovered in the PDF file released by the White House was a statement from Canadian graphic artists from Quebec by the name of Jean-Claude Tremblay on April 29. It was reported by Fox News and on their web site at:

<http://www.foxnews.com/politics/2011/04/29/expert-says-obamas-birth-certificate-legit/>.

He tries to excuse the multi-layers as merely an artifact of an OCR (Optical Character Recognition) engine and then saved as a PDF. There are three major reasons he is wrong and I know

from his statement he knows nothing about OCR engines and how they work and their file structure. First the PDF file is not a searchable PDF and no text object could be found in the PDF file. Second, the Obama PDF certificate was supposed to have come directly from the Health Departments office. As stated before, the records they have would have absolutely no reason to be OCR'd and if they were asked to give the customer a PDF image it would be from their existing TIFF image stored in their document imaging program on the server. The program would have done no OCR processing at that time.

The third reason is the lack of OCR files in the PDF file. My qualifications on OCR programs are considerable. Our own document imaging program, TheRepository, has an OCR option from Expervision that is called TypeReader. We integrated TypeReader into our program but to do this we had to sign a non-disclosure statement with them and then we got their Took Kit and API. When an OCR program saves a file as a searchable PDF, the file contains three main files within it. The first file is an image file, usually a compressed Group4 TIFF. The second file is an ASCII text file and the last file is a matrix file that contains the X and Y coordinates of all the words in the document. The starting point for the image file and the matrix file is usually the upper left hand corner of the image measured in pixels. The text file and matrix files would never be seen as separate layers and there are certainly not nine layers. The three files would be in a PDF "wrapper" and that is all. All OCR programs work on the same principle.

Conclusion

This forgery is so outrageous and obvious a fraud that it brings to mind what the forger had in mind. You could truly call this a Frankenstein Certificate of Live Birth. I will not try to speculate about the psychology of the forger and stick to the facts I know or can logically conclude. It will be for Congressional hearings, for the FBI to investigate and finally federal and state courts to decide that. It had been reported by the *Washington Times* that the White House changed the image of the PDF the next day and that is correct since the PDF file proved it was altered on the 28th at 9:58 a.m.. I would conclude from that action that the White House knew they had a problem with the Long Form Certificate. It was certainly convenient for Osama Bin Laden to have been found and killed within a few days of the release of this fraud.

The disturbing part of this forgery is that we the citizens do not know who our President is and if he is even a citizen. It is a logical conclusion that since President Barack Obama felt it necessary to have a Certificate of Live Birth forged for himself then we must conclude that there is in fact no birth certificate in Hawaii and therefore he was not born inside the United States, as the Constitution requires (see Appendix A); and further, that he knew it and others also knew it but wanted him in office for whatever reason. The answer to that question might be found in a report funded by the Pentagon in 2009 entitled *Economic Warfare: Risks and Responses. Analysis of the 21st Century Risks in Light of the Recent Market Collapse.* This can be downloaded from:

http://www.archiveindex.com/Obamas_Certificate_Forgery.html.

The report was in response to the economic collapse in early 2008 and the rise in oil prices to over \$140 per barrel. You will note that George Soros is prominently mentioned and he was, and still is, a major supporter of Obama. Also remember that Soros has made his money destroying foreign currencies just as what is happening to the U.S. dollar now.

Mr. Tim Adams a former senior elections clerk in the County of Honolulu reported on WorldNet Daily, "There is no birth certificate," and "I had direct access to the Social Security database, the national crime computer, state driver's license information, international passport information, basically just about anything you can imagine to get someone's identity," Adams explained. "I could look up what bank your home mortgage was in. I was informed by my boss that we did not have a birth record [for Obama]." He also stated that they checked both hospitals there, Queen's Medical

Center in Honolulu, as well as the Kapiolani Medical Center for Women and Children. “They told us, ‘We don't have a birth certificate for him,’” he said. “They told my supervisor, either by phone or by e-mail, neither one has a document that a doctor signed off on saying they were present at this man’s birth.”

WorldNetDaily reported that they confirmed with Hawaiian officials that Adams was indeed working in their election offices during the last presidential election. “His title was senior elections clerk in 2008,” said Glen Takahashi, elections administrator for the [city and county of Honolulu](#). Takahashi also confirmed Adams’ time frame at the office from spring until the month of August.

Reference: [<http://www.wnd.com/?pageId=165041#ixzz1KjG5TV6r>]

A second article published in WorldNetDaily on January 24, 2011 also states: “Senior officers in the City and County of Honolulu Elections Division told me on multiple occasions that no Hawaii long-form, hospital-generated birth certificate existed for Senator Obama in the Hawaii Department of Health,” Adams’ affidavit reads, “and there was no record that any such document had ever been on file in the Hawaii Department of Health or any other branch or department of the Hawaii government.” “My supervisor came and told me, ‘Of course, there's no birth certificate. What? You stupid,’” Adams said. “She usually spoke well, but in saying this she reverted to a Hawaiian dialect. I really didn't know how to respond to that. She said it and just walked off. She was quite a powerful lady.”

Mr. Tim Adams also signed a notarized affidavit (see Figure 26) “swearing he was told by his supervisors in Hawaii that no long-form, hospital-generated birth certificate existed for Barack Obama Jr. in Hawaii and that neither Queens Medical Center nor Kapiolani Medical Center in Honolulu had any record of Obama having been born in their medical facilities.”

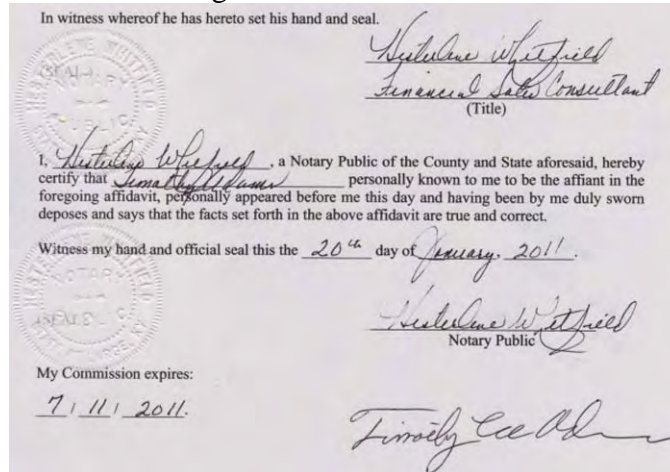


Figure 26. Mr. Tim Adams affidavit signed 1/20/2011.

In the affidavit Adams swears, “During the course of my employment, I came to understand that for political reasons, various officials in the government of Hawaii, including then-Governor Linda Lingle and various officials of the Hawaii Department of Health, including Dr. Chiyome Fukino, the director of the Hawaii Department of Health, were making representations that Senator Obama was born in Hawaii, even though no government official in Hawaii could find a long-form birth certificate for Senator Obama that had been issued by a Hawaii hospital at the time of his birth.”

Reference: [<http://www.wnd.com/index.php?fa=PAGE.view&pageId=254401>]

The reason I have included Mr. Tim Adams testimony is because it strongly suggests that there was and is an ongoing conspiracy to defraud the United States (Title 18, pt.1, Ch 47, sec. 1028(a)(4) using a fraudulent document. The shameful thing is that it’s the one document that is required for a

person to become President of the United States and these “public” officials had chosen to deceive for political and possibly financial gain. The individual holding the office of the President of the United States has access to all the nation’s secrets and is Commander and Chief of the armed forces. **This fraudulent Certificate of Live Birth is a national security issue.** These are very serious charges connected to what the conspirators have done. I have included the section of Title 18 that pertains to this forgery for you to read in full. It comes directly from the Federal government web site <http://uscode.house.gov/> so it is current.

Rebuttal to the Hawaiian Published Newspaper Notice of Obama Jr. Birth.

WorldNetDaily reported on January 7, 2010 that in 1961, Hawaiian law specifically allowed “an adult or the legal parents of a minor child” to apply to the health department and, upon unspecified proof, be given a birth document in the form of a Certification of Live Birth. The only requirement stated in Hawaiian law is “that the legal parents of such individual while living without the Territory or State of Hawaii had declared the Territory or State of Hawaii as their legal residence for at least one year immediately preceding the birth or adoption of such child.” So, even the listing of an address on a COLB or in a newspaper birth announcement is no proof the baby was born in Hawaii. Under Hawaiian law, a family wishing to register the birth of a baby born outside Hawaii can list a family residence in Hawaii as the birth address, even if the mother was residing outside Hawaii at the time the baby was born. [<http://www.wnd.com/index.php?fa=PAGE.view&pageId=121136>].

The only way we would know if Barack Obama Jr. was born in Hawaii is if his mother’s passport records could be retrieved and find out when she re-entered the United States. It is apparent that President Obama has presented no evidence that he is a “Natural Born Citizen” and there is a good chance that he may not even be a citizen.

The Laws that Have Been Broken

I am not an attorney but was an accountant and worked for three CPA firms before I went into business for myself. I have read and understood the Federal Tax code, so understanding Title 18 is no problem. I have listed in Appendix D the entire section of the Federal Code that directly covers the seriousness of this fraud.

Under Hawaii State code §708-851, it would be forgery in the first degree which is a Class B Felony (see Appendix B).

The Federal charges are much more extensive because of the nature of the crime, and who did it and the ramifications to the country. It would not surprise me that maximum prison sentences were given out but of course a judge and jury would have to determine that. The Federal law is covered under **Title 18-Crimes and Criminal Procedures; Part 1-Crimes, Chapter 47- Fraud and False Statements, Section-1028-Fraud and related activity in connection with identification documents, authentication features, and information** is the main section that the forgery of a Certificate of Live Birth would be covered under. 1. Forgery of a public document; 2. Conspiracy to commit forgery, because Obama had to have paid someone to create the forgery and it is evident others were involved; 3. Obstruction of Justice if this went to trial; 4 and 5. If the conspirators had bribed a County Clerk(s) to insert this PDF file into the county’s document imaging system, you would have bribery and tampering with government records. All of these are felonies and are impeachable offenses. The penalty for committing document forgery is up to 15 years in prison and for just forging the unique Certificate number is another 5 years. At this point it doesn’t matter if he was born in Kenya or Hawaii. He and his fellow conspirators are facing forgery charges and much more.

If Congress does not hold a hearing on this forgery, the vast majority of Americans will lose faith in our country’s legal system and governmental institutions. As it is, the public poll numbers for

Congress are in the low two digits. Congress and the ruling elite have to decide whether we are a country of laws or are the laws only enforced on the little people and those outside of the ruling political party.

You do not have to use my name when presenting this information because I am not looking for publicity, but you can freely use the information to inform the public. I am willing to give expert testimony in court or in a Congressional hearing, if requested.

My signed notarized affidavit is available for downloading at:
http://www.archiveindex.com/Obamas_Certificate_Forgery.html

Very truly yours
Douglas Vogt
President of Archive Index Systems, Inc.
A disappointed Natural Born U.S. Citizen.

Appendix A

Qualifications to become President:

Constitution of the United States: Article. 2 Sec. 1(5): No Person except a *natural born Citizen*, or a Citizen of the United States, at the time of the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the Office of President; neither shall any Person be eligible to that Office who shall not have attained to the **Age of thirty-five Years**, and been fourteen Years a Resident within the United States.

Appendix B

Hawaii State Law:

§708-851 Forgery in the first degree. (1) A person commits the offense of forgery in the first degree if, with intent to defraud, the person falsely makes, completes, endorses, or alters a written instrument, or utters a forged instrument, or fraudulently encodes the magnetic ink character recognition numbers, which is or purports to be, or which is calculated to become or to represent if completed:

- (a) Part of an issue of stamps, securities, or other valuable **instruments issued by a government or governmental agency**; or
 - (b) Part of an issue of stock, bonds, or other instruments representing interests in or claims against a corporate or other organization or its property.
- (2) **Forgery in the first degree is a class B felony.** [L 1972, c 9, pt of §1; am L 1988, c 155, §2; gen ch. 1992; am L 1997, c 243, §2]

§338-6 Local agent to prepare birth certificate. (a) If neither parent of the newborn child whose birth is unattended as provided in section 338-5 is able to prepare a birth certificate, the local agent of the department of health shall secure the necessary information from any person having knowledge of the birth and prepare and file the certificate.

(b) The department shall prescribe the time within which a supplementary report furnishing information omitted on the original certificate may be returned for the purpose of completing the certificate. Certificates of birth completed by a supplementary report shall not be considered as "delayed" or "altered". [L 1949, c 327, §10; RL 1955, §57-9; am L Sp 1959 2d, c 1, §19]



The American Typewriter

How a Young Computer Graphics Person Could Not Understand How to Use a Computer to Forge a Typewritten Document.

It's been some 30 years since we have used typewriters to produce documents. Computers have replaced the typewriter and given us great advantages in document preparation. There is no need to understand the old typewriter. Except when you need to forge a typewritten document.

A computer in the hands of a young person who can create a modern forgery is no match for the old style quirky mechanical typewriter. The forger who produced the Obama Hawaiian Long Form Health Department Birth Certificate may have thought that all typewriter typeface styles were alike. To get his letters he should have assumed that he needed only to match typewritten letters found in the old files of Hawaii birth certificates to scan ... copy and paste into his new document. Those old files should be all alike having been used to produce birth certificates in the 1961 era.

He must have understood that he needed to copy the old typewriter styles and would find them in the files.

But understanding scanners ... he also had to know that scanning a letter "t" one time and using it all over his document would be conviction assured. Because scan lines engage a letter differently every time it's done. So he scanned a bunch of old birth certificates and used a different "t" each time.

The mistake was that many of the letters in the old files were from different typewriter styles and that's something he did not realize ... resulting in many typewritten letters on his forgery that did not match each other.

I hope this helps to explain what might have happened with this document.

Paul Irey

STATE OF HAWAII		CERTIFICATE OF LIVE BIRTH			DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH				
		FILE NUMBER 151			61 10641				
1a. Child's First Name (Type or print)		1b. Middle Name		1c. Last Name					
BARACK		HUSSEIN		OBAMA, II					
2. Sex	3. This Birth		4. If Twin or Triplet, Was Child Born		5a. Birth Date	Month	Day	Year	5b. Hour
Male	Single <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Twin <input type="checkbox"/> Triplet <input type="checkbox"/>		1st <input type="checkbox"/> 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> 3rd <input type="checkbox"/>			August	4,	1961	7:24 P.M.
6a. Place of Birth: City, Town or Rural Location						6b. Island			
Honolulu						Oahu			
6c. Name of Hospital or Institution (If not in hospital or institution, give street address)						6d. Is Place of Birth Inside City or Town Limits? If no, give judicial district			
Kapiolani Maternity & Gynecological Hospital						Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
7a. Usual Residence of Mother: City, Town or Rural Location				7b. Island		7c. County and State or Foreign Country			
Honolulu				Oahu		Honolulu, Hawaii			
7d. Street Address					7e. Is Residence Inside City or Town Limits? If no, give judicial district				
6085 Kalaniana'ole Highway					Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>				
7f. Mother's Mailing Address						7g. Is Residence on a Farm or Plantation?			
						Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
8. Full Name of Father						9. Race of Father			
BARACK HUSSEIN OBAMA						African			
10. Age of Father	11. Birthplace (Island, State or Foreign Country)		12a. Usual Occupation		12b. Kind of Business or Industry				
25	Kenya, East Africa		Student		University				
13. Full Maiden Name of Mother						14. Race of Mother			
STANLEY ANN DUNHAM						Caucasian			
15. Age of Mother	16. Birthplace (Island, State or Foreign Country)		17a. Type of Occupation Outside Home During Pregnancy			17b. Date Last Worked			
18	Wichita, Kansas		None						
I certify that the above stated information is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.		18a. Signature of Parent or Other Informant				Parent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/>		18b. Date of Signature	
		<i>Stanley Ann Dunham Obama</i>						8-7-61	
I hereby certify that this child was born alive on the date and hour stated above.		19a. Signature of Attendant				M.D. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D.O. <input type="checkbox"/> Midwife <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/>		19b. Date of Signature	
		<i>David A. Amelan</i>						8-8-61	
20. Date Accepted by Local Reg.		21. Signature of Local Registrar				22. Date Accepted by Reg. General			
AUG - 8 1961		<i>U. Lee</i>				AUG - 8 1961			
23. Evidence for Delayed Filing or Alteration									

APR 25, 2011

I CERTIFY THIS IS A TRUE COPY OR
ABSTRACT OF THE RECORD ON FILE IN
THE HAWAII STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Alvin T. Onaka, Ph.D.
STATE REGISTRAR

BARACK HUSSEIN OBAMA, II
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21
Male August 4, 1961 724 P
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42
Honolulu Oahu
43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54
Kapiolani Maternity & Gynecological Hospital
55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93
Honolulu Oahu Honolulu, Hawaii
94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120
6085 Kalaniana'ole Highway
121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142
BARACK HUSSEIN OBAMA African
143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167
25 Kenya, East Africa Student University
168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201
STANLEY ANN DUNHAM Caucasian
201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225
18 Wichita, Kansas None
225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244

Every typewriter typed character is assigned a number in the order it is found in the document.

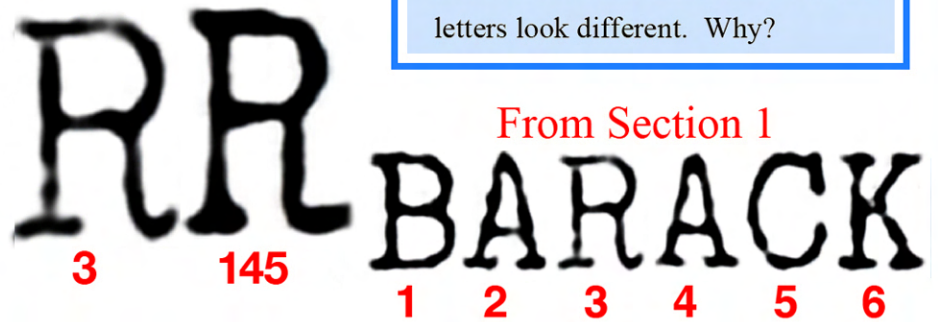
EVIDENCE OF FORGERY

The two capital letters “A”s are from the word “**BARACK**” on the birth certificate found at section 8 of the form. There is only one letter between them. Why then is #144 significantly bigger than #146 if the same type-writer key struck both?

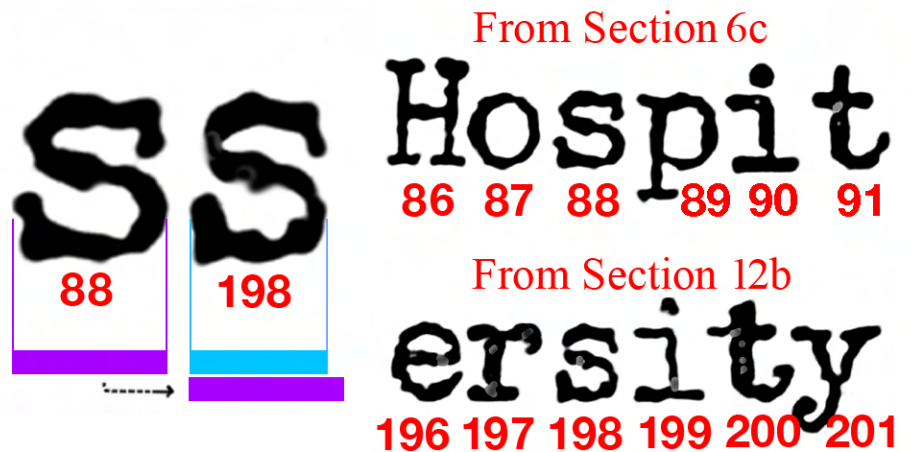


Notice the other differences seen in the same word from different locations on the birth certificate. All the letters look different. Why?

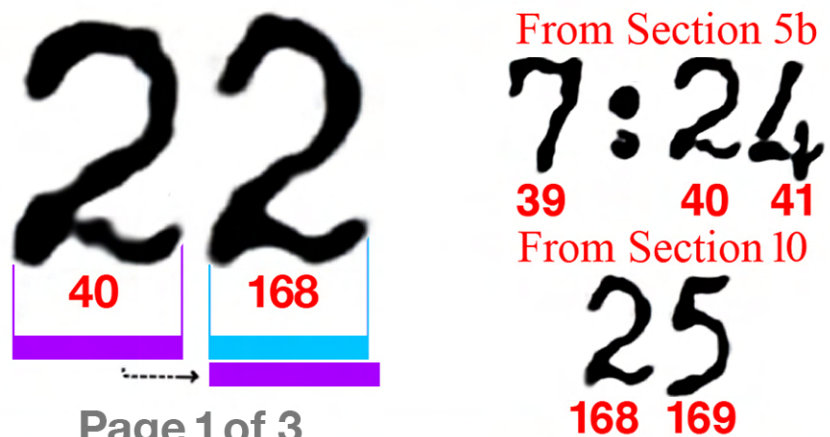
The two capital letters “R” are from the same word “**BARACK**” as above and the other word “**BARACK**” in section 1 of the form. Why then is #3 significantly shorter and wider than #145 if the same typewriter key struck both? Note also the enclosed area in #145 is smaller than the enclosed area in #3 even though #145 is taller.



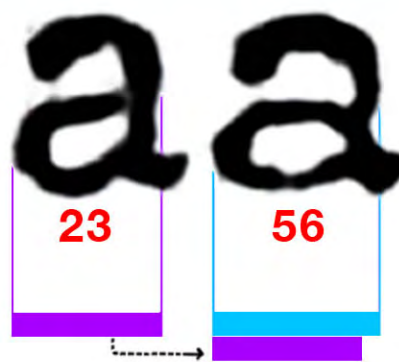
The two lower case letters “s” from the word “**Hospit**al” in section 6c and “**Univer**sity” in section 12b are shown to be different because of the width of the letters. The lower case “s” #88 is wider than the lower case “s” in #198 as shown with the green and purple color bars shown under the letters.



The two numbers “2” are from “7:24” in section 5b and section 10 of the form. Why then is #40 significantly wider than #168? Notice also the difference in height of #168. Can you imagine how these two typewritten letters were typed with the same typewriter?



The two lower case letters “a” from the word “Male” found in section 2 and the word “Kapiolani” found in section 6c. Notice that the first “a” #23 is not as wide as #56. Also note the differences of the shape of the enclosed areas and the serifs at the top left of both.



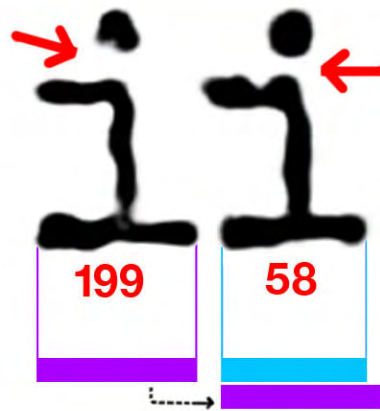
From Section 2

Male
22 23 24 25

From Section 6c

Kapio
55 56 57 58 59

The two lower case letters “i” from the word “University” in section 12b and “Kapiolani” in section 6c are shown to be different because of the dots over the letters. The dot in #199 is higher than that of #58 and shows more space over the letter. Also note the color bars indicating the difference in width between the letters.



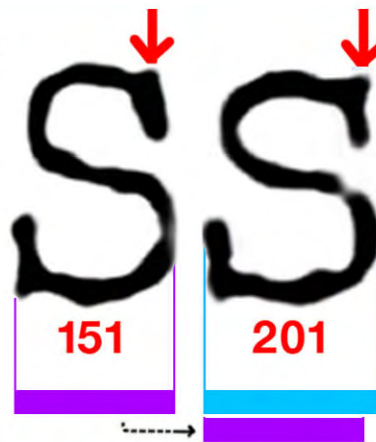
From Section 12b

ersity
196 197 198 199 200 201

From Section 6c

piola
57 58 59 60 61

The two capital letters “S” are from “HUSSEIN” in section 8 and “STANLEY” in section 13 of the form. Why then is #151 significantly more narrow than #201? Notice also the serif differences indicated with the arrows showing that the serif on #151 is placed further back to the left on the “S” than as shown on #201.



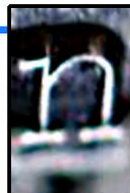
From Section 8

HUSSEI
149 150 151 152 153 154

From Section 13

STANLE
201 202 203 204 205 206

The two lower case “n” letters are different in size. #62 found in section 6c is much shorter than #193 found in section 12b. This is a good place to insert a photo of a typewriter key to remind us that the impression is struck by an engraved letter that is steel and incapable of changing size.



Close up of a Typewriter Key flopped for clarity



From Section 6c

iolani
58 59 60 61 62 63

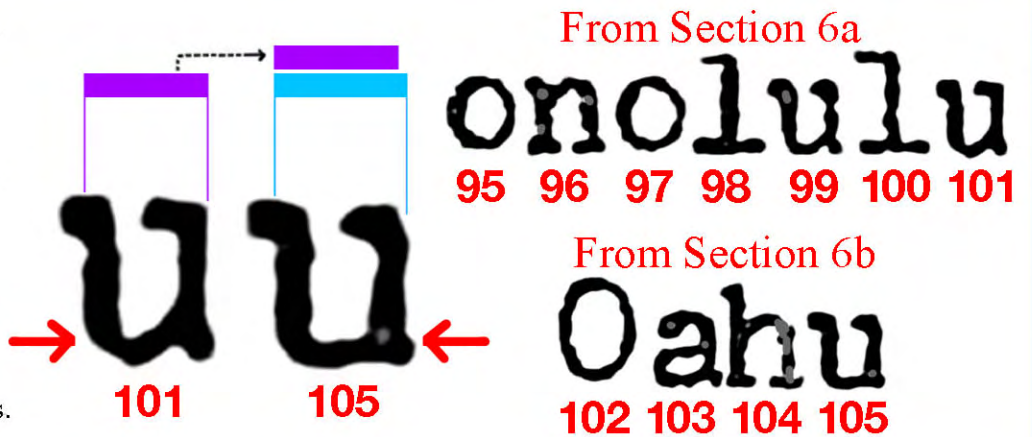
From Section 12b

Univer
192 193 194 195 196 197

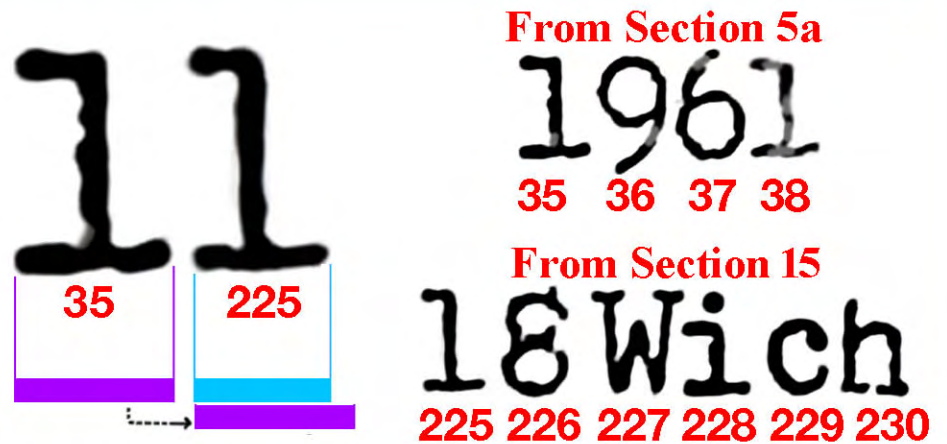
The two lower case letters “e”
 #25 from the word “Male” found
 in section 2 and the word
 “Maternity” found in section
 6c show us that #25 is from a
 different design of type style
 with a tilting horizontal bar
 and #25 is also bigger in size.



The two lower case letters “u”
 from the word “Honolulu”
 #101 from section 6a and
 “Oahu” #105 from section 6b
 are shown to be different in
 width as indicated with the
 color bars above the letters.
 Also note the different design
 of the bottom part of the letters.



The two numbers “1” from the
 date “1961” #35 from section 5a
 and “18 Wichita” #225 from
 section 15 are shown to be different
 in width as indicated with the
 color bars below the letters.
 Also note the different design
 of the bottom part of the letters.



The Word “Student” found in section 12a of the birth
 certificate was the first problem I noticed because it
 was one word with two variations of the letter “t” and
 was clearly a different drawing of the letter mainly
 displaying a different
 extension at the bottoms
 of those letters. As a
 typographer I could
 see no reason for a

different style of letter within the same word. Other
 examples on the page seem to suggest that perhaps
 the form was transferred to different departments
 to fill out different sections ... but that could not
 happen with one word. Later study showed that
 too many of the letters on
 the birth cert. did not
 match each other ...
 even for many typist.



**If all the letters are from the same
typewriter ... why don't
they match? It appears that it
was put together with letters from
different sources
and this means it's a forgery!**

* * * *

Paul Irey can be reached via email at: [paulewardirey \(at sign\) yahoo.com](mailto:paulewardirey@yahoo.com)

A full color high-res copy of this report can be viewed and downloaded at: <http://www.scribd.com/doc/59624694/>

MONTGOMERY BLAIR SIBLEY

4000 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, N.W.

APARTMENT 1518

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20016-5136

EMAIL: MBSIBLEY@GMAIL.COM

202-478-0371

November 26, 2011

Via USPS Signature Confirmation

#23061570000047541210

Eric H. Holder, Jr

Attorney General

U.S. Department of Justice

950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW

Washington, DC 20530-0001

Via USPS Signature Confirmation

#23061570000047541203

Ronald C. Machen Jr.

United States Attorney for the District of
Columbia

United States Attorney's Office

555 4th Street, NW

Washington, DC 20530

Re: *Request to Institute Quo Warranto Proceeding Against Barack Obama pursuant to District of Columbia Code, Division II, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure, Title 16, Particular Actions, Proceedings and Matters, Chapter 35, §§ 3501-3503*

Greetings,

I write as an “interested person” requesting that you institute *Quo Warranto* proceeding against Barack Obama pursuant to D.C. Code, Division II, Title 16, Chapter 35, §3502 on your own motion, or if you prefer, upon relation to me.

As an initial matter, I maintain that I am a “person interested” as referenced in §3503 as I am a declared write-in candidate for the November 6, 2012, election for the office of President of the United States. *See*: Exhibit “A”. As such, under the plain language of *Newman v. United States ex Rel. Frizzell*, 238 U.S. 537 (1915), I have standing to make this request of you.

Clearly, under §3501, Barack Obama, “within the District of Columbia . . . holds or exercises, a franchise conferred by the United States or a public office of the United States”, to wit, (i) in the District of Columbia, a place upon the November 6, 2012, ballot as the Democratic candidate for President of the United States and (ii) the office of President of the United States. As more fully described below, I maintain that, in both cases, he “usurps, intrudes into, or unlawfully” holds or exercises such franchise and/or public office in violation of §3501.

Indisputably, in order to be President of the United States, Article II, §1, of the U.S. Constitution requires: “No person except a natural born Citizen . . ., shall be eligible to the Office of President.” The phrase “natural born Citizen” is a 18th Century legal term of art with a definite meaning. At the time of the adoption of the Constitution, that phrase was defined as: “The natives,

Exhibit "H"

Eric H. Holder, Jr, Attorney General
Ronald C. Machen Jr., United States Attorney
for the District of Columbia
November 26, 2011
Page 2

or natural-born citizens, are those born in the country, of parents who are citizens.” (The Law of Nations, Emerich de Vattel, 1758, Chapter 19, § 212).

On July 25, 1787, John Jay wrote to George Washington, the presiding officer of the Constitutional Convention, stating: “Permit me to hint, whether it would be wise and seasonable to provide a strong check to the admission of Foreigners into the administration of our national Government; and to declare expressly that the Commander in Chief of the American army shall not be given to nor devolve on, any but a natural born Citizen.” (Farrand's Records, Volume 3, LXVIII. John Jay to George Washington). Subsequently, On August 22, 1787, it was proposed at the Constitutional Convention that the presidential qualifications were to be a “citizen of the United States.” (Farrand's Records – Journal, Wednesday August 22nd 1787). It was referred back to a Committee, and the qualification clause was changed to read “natural born citizen,” and was so reported out of Committee on September 4, 1787, and thereafter adopted in the Constitution. (Farrand's Records, Journal, Tuesday September 4, 1787).

Though there is no record of debates upon the subject, the Federalist Papers contain a contemporary comment on it written by Alexander Hamilton which reads: “Nothing was more to be desired, than that every practicable obstacle should be opposed to cabal, intrigue, and corruption. These most deadly adversaries of Republican government, might naturally have been expected to make their approaches from more than one quarter, but chiefly from the desire in foreign powers to gain an improper ascendant in our councils. How could they better gratify this, than by raising a creature of their own to the chief magistracy of the Union?” (The Federalist Papers, LXVIII.)

Supporting this view, is Mr. Justice Story who wrote: “It is indispensable, too, that the president should be a natural born citizen of the United States . . . The general propriety of the exclusion of foreigners, in common cases, will scarcely be doubted by any sound statesman. It cuts off all chances for ambitious foreigners, who might otherwise be intriguing for the office; and interposes a barrier against those corrupt interferences of foreign governments in executive elections, which have inflicted the most serious evils upon the elective monarchies of Europe.” (Story on the Constitution, Vol. 2, page 353-54.)

Clearly, Barack Obama has represented that he is the son of a non-citizen of the United States, Barack Hussein Obama, Sr., who was a citizen of Kenya. Accordingly, upon the law and facts, Barack Obama is not a “natural born Citizen” and thus “usurps, intrudes into, or unlawfully” holds – and seeks again to be elected to – the office of President of the United States.

Moreover, given the release by Mr. Obama of his putative “Certificate of Live Birth” (“COLB”) on April 27, 2011, there is probable cause to believe that Mr. Obama was not even born within the United States, thereby clearly disqualifying him from holding the office of President of

Eric H. Holder, Jr, Attorney General
Ronald C. Machen Jr., United States Attorney
for the District of Columbia
November 26, 2011
Page 3

the United States. A copy of that COLB is attached as Exhibit "B". Reviews of that document raise very real concerns as to its authenticity. In particular:

1. The Hawaiian State seal on the COLB is the wrong size. (Vogt Analysis, Exhibit "C", page. 3, pages 11-13).
2. The hand-stamped State Seal on the two "certified" copies of the COLB are in exactly the same location, an improbable event. (Vogt Analysis, page 3).
3. The COLB has two different type of scans contained in it, binary and grayscale, an impossibility in one scanned object. (Vogt Analysis, page 5).
4. The parallax of the type reveals that there has been tampering. For example, on the COLB: "the work *Name* drops down 2 pixels, but the typed hospital name, *Kapiolani*, does not drop down at all, and again the line just below drops down 2 pixels, but not the name *Kapiolani*." (Vogt Analysis, page 6).
5. There is white "haloing" around all the type on the form, an indication of tampering with the image. (Vogt Analysis, page 7).
6. The typewritten letters were "cut" and "pasted" into place. (Vogt Analysis, page 9).
7. The "Bates Stamped" sequential number is out of sequence. (Vogt Analysis, page 10).
8. There are two different colors in Box 20 and Box 22, an impossibility on an originally scanned document. (Vogt Analysis, page 10).
9. The Rubber Stamp contains an "X" rather than an "H" in the work "the" when other contemporaneous COLBs with the same stamp do not contain the "X". (Vogt Analysis, page 13).
10. There are nine "layers" to the Adobe Portable Document File COLB, an indication of a forgery. (Vogt Analysis, pages 16-17).
11. The typewritten letters change size and shape, an impossibility on 1961 typewriters. (Irey Analysis, Exhibit "D").
12. An affidavit from Timothy Adams, an employee of the Honolulu Elections Division that there is no "Hawaii long-form, hospital-generated birth certificate" for Barack Obama. (Adams

Eric H. Holder, Jr, Attorney General
Ronald C. Machen Jr., United States Attorney
for the District of Columbia
November 26, 2011
Page 4

Affidavit, Exhibit "E").

Upon the foregoing, and pursuant to §3501, I request that either or both of you institute a petition for a writ "quo warranto" in "the United States District Court for the District of Columbia in the name of the United States against" Barack Obama upon your own motion or my relation. Needless to say, pursuant to §3503, if you refuse, I will petition to institute the quo warranto proceeding on my own. Hence, your prompt decision on this "request" is called for given that time is obviously of the essence when such an important question is at issue. Accordingly, I have confidence you will respond by January 2, 2012, to this letter and I will take your silence after that date to be an expression of refusal to institute the requested quo warranto proceeding.

Last, it bears stating that your respective oaths of office were to the Constitution and not the man who placed you in your respective offices. Indeed: "In any event, it is clear that the idea of the sovereign, or any part of it, being above the law in this sense has not survived in American law." *Seminole Tribe v. Fla.*, 517 U.S. 44, f/n #2 (1996). "No man in this country is so high that he is above the law. **No officer of the law may set that law at defiance with impunity.** All officers of the government, from the highest to the lowest, are creatures of the law, and are bound to obey it." *United States v. Lee*, 106 U.S. 220, 261 (1882)(Emphasis added).

As you each are bound to "obey" the law and are charged with enforcing it, I trust you will do your duty promptly and not impose upon my limited resources to do it for you.

Yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "M. Holder", written in a cursive style.

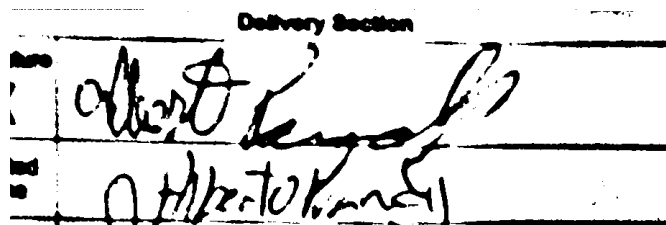


Date: 12/02/2011

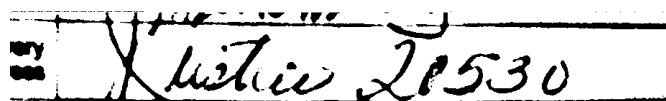
MONTGOMERY SIBLEY:

The following is in response to your 12/01/2011 request for delivery information on your Signature Confirmation(TM) item number 2306 1570 0000 4754 1210. The delivery record shows that this item was delivered on 12/02/2011 at 10:59 AM in WASHINGTON, DC 20530 to A PRANDY. The scanned image of the recipient information is provided below.

Signature of Recipient:



Address of Recipient:



Thank you for selecting the Postal Service for your mailing needs. If you require additional assistance, please contact your local Post Office or postal representative.

Sincerely,

United States Postal Service



Date: 12/05/2011

MONTGOMERY SIBLEY:

The following is in response to your 12/01/2011 request for delivery information on your Signature Confirmation(TM) item number 2306 1570 0000 4754 1203. The delivery record shows that this item was delivered on 12/05/2011 at 11:47 AM in WASHINGTON, DC 20530 to A PRANDY. The scanned image of the recipient information is provided below.

Signature of Recipient:

Delivery Section	
Signature	
Name	Alberto Prandy

Address of Recipient:

Address	Washington DC 20530
---------	---------------------

Thank you for selecting the Postal Service for your mailing needs. If you require additional assistance, please contact your local Post Office or postal representative.

Sincerely,

United States Postal Service

MONTGOMERY BLAIR SIBLEY
4000 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, N.W.
APARTMENT 1518
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20016-5136
EMAIL: MBSIBLEY@GMAIL.COM
202-478-0371

January 12, 2012

Via USPS Signature Confirmation #23061570000047541241
Ronald C. Machen Jr.
United States Attorney for the District of Columbia
United States Attorney's Office
555 4th Street, NW
Washington, DC 20530

Re: *Request pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §3332 to inform the grand jury of whether President Barack Obama may have violated Federal criminal law, my identity and your action or recommendation*

Greetings,

I write to request pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §3332 that you inform the grand jury of the following alleged offense committed by President Barack Obama, my identity, and your action or recommendation. Moreover, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1504, I request that you communicate to the Grand Jury my request to appear before the Grand Jury.

I allege that President Obama may have violated a Federal criminal law, to wit, 18 U.S.C. §1343, “Fraud by wire, radio, or television”. That statute makes it a Federal felony offense to: “having devised or intending to devise any scheme or artifice to defraud, or for obtaining money or property by means of false or fraudulent pretenses, representations, or promises, transmits or causes to be transmitted by means of wire, radio, or television communication in interstate or foreign commerce, any writings, signs, signals, pictures, or sounds for the purpose of executing such scheme or artifice.”

The particular event which I believe may constitute criminal behavior is the posting on the Internet at whitehouse.gov of the President’s putative “Certificate of Live Birth” (“COLB”) on April 27, 2011. Initially, it is well-settled that the “use of the Internet for transmission of images or messages satisfies the requirement of interstate commerce.” *See, e.g., United States v. Carroll*, 105 F.3d 740, 742 (1st Cir. 1997). Moreover, to seek to obtain public money – here the salary of the President of the United States – has been recognized as satisfying the “money” element of §1343. *See, e.g., Pasquantino v. United States*, 544 U.S. 349, 356-57 (2005) (recognizing that money in the public treasury is the government’s “money” for purposes of the mail fraud statute.) Finally, the “scheme” that President Obama appears to have intended is to obtain a job that he is not eligible to hold given his lack of “natural born Citizen” status. *See, e.g., United States v. Granberry*, 908 F.2d

Exhibit "I"

Ronald C. Machen Jr.
United States Attorney for the District of Columbia
January 12, 2012
Page 2

278, 279 (8th Cir. 1990)(The defendant obtained the job of school-bus driver by concealing a murder conviction, which would have prevented his hiring if known to the school district. The Eighth Circuit reversed the district court's dismissal of the mail-fraud indictment, holding that the defendant's alleged scheme deprived the school district of money because the district did not get what it paid for – a school-bus driver who had not been convicted of a felony.)

Of course, the seminal question devolves down to this: Is President Obama ineligible to hold the office of President and did he knowingly foist upon the public a falsified Certificate of Live Birth in order to obtain that office.

Indisputably, in order to be President of the United States, Article II, §1, of the U.S. Constitution requires: “No person except a natural born Citizen . . ., shall be eligible to the Office of President.” The phrase “natural born Citizen” is an 18th Century legal term of art with a definite meaning. At the time of the adoption of the Constitution, that phrase was defined as: “The natives, or natural-born citizens, are those born in the country, of parents who are citizens.” (The Law of Nations, Emerich de Vattel, 1758, Chapter 19, § 212).

Clearly, Barack Obama has represented that he is the son of a non-citizen of the United States, Barack Hussein Obama, Sr., who was a citizen of Kenya. Accordingly, upon the law and facts, Barack Obama is not a “natural born Citizen” and thus is ineligible to hold the office of President of the United States.

Returning to the release by Mr. Obama of his putative “Certificate of Live Birth” on April 27, 2011, there is probable cause to believe that the certificate is a forgery. A copy of that COLB is attached as Exhibit “A”. Reviews of that document raise very real concerns as to its authenticity. In particular:

1. The Hawaiian State seal on the COLB is the wrong size. (Vogt Analysis, Exhibit “B”, page. 3, pages 11-13).
2. The hand-stamped State Seal on the two “certified” copies of the COLB are in exactly the same location, an improbable event. (Vogt Analysis, page 3).
3. The COLB has two different type of scans contained in it, binary and grayscale, an impossibility in one scanned object. (Vogt Analysis, page 5).
4. The parallax of the type reveals that there has been tampering. For example, on the COLB: “the work *Name* drops down 2 pixels, but the typed hospital name, *Kapiolani*, does not drop down at all, and again the line just below drops down 2 pixels, but not the name *Kapiolani*.” (Vogt Analysis, page 6).

5. There is white “haloing” around all the type on the form, an indication of tampering with the image. (Vogt Analysis, page 7).
6. The typewritten letters were “cut” and “pasted” into place. (Vogt Analysis, page 9).
7. The “Bates Stamped” sequential number is out of sequence. (Vogt Analysis, page 10).
8. There are two different colors in Box 20 and Box 22, an impossibility on an originally scanned document. (Vogt Analysis, page 10).
9. The Rubber Stamp contains an “X” rather than an “H” in the word “the” when other contemporaneous COLBs with the same stamp do not contain the “X”. (Vogt Analysis, page 13).
10. There are nine “layers” to the Adobe Portable Document File COLB, an indication of a forgery. (Vogt Analysis, pages 16-17).
11. The typewritten letters change size and shape, an impossibility on 1961 typewriters. (Irey Analysis, Exhibit “C”).
12. An affidavit from Timothy Adams, an employee of the Honolulu Elections Division that there is no “Hawaii long-form, hospital-generated birth certificate” for Barack Obama. (Adams Affidavit, Exhibit “D”).

Finally, it is noteworthy that at the Press Conference on April 27, 2011, President Obama reportedly made the following statement regarding his Certificate of Live Birth: “As many of you have been briefed, we provided additional information today about the site of my birth. Now, this issue has been going on for two, two and a half years now. I think it started during the campaign. And I have to say that over the last two and a half years I have watched with bemusement, I’ve been puzzled at the degree to which this thing just kept on going. We’ve had every official in Hawaii, Democrat and Republican, every news outlet that has investigated this, confirm that, yes, in fact, I was born in Hawaii, August 4, 1961, in Kapiolani Hospital. We’ve posted the certification that is given by the state of Hawaii on the Internet for everybody to see.”¹

Accordingly, President Obama clearly was involved in posting his Certificate of Live Birth on the Internet towards the end of representing that he was born in Hawaii when it now appears that the Certificate of Live Birth is a forgery.

¹ <http://www.whitehouse.gov/the-press-office/2011/04/27/remarks-president>

Ronald C. Machen Jr.
United States Attorney for the District of Columbia
January 12, 2012
Page 4

Therefore, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §3332, I request that you immediately comply with the requirements of that statute and notify me of that compliance.

Yours,

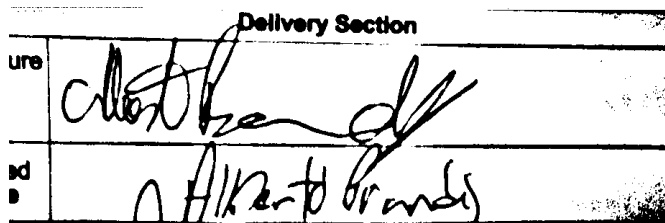


Date: 01/18/2012

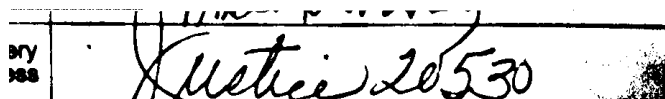
MONTGOMERY SIBLEY:

The following is in response to your 01/18/2012 request for delivery information on your Signature Confirmation(TM) item number 2306 1570 0000 4754 1241. The delivery record shows that this item was delivered on 01/17/2012 at 11:08 AM in WASHINGTON, DC 20530 to A PRANDY. The scanned image of the recipient information is provided below.

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APPEARANCES:

FOR THE PLAINTIFF:

ORLY TAITZ, Attorney
29839 S. Margarita, Suite 100
Rancho Santa Margarita, California 92688

FOR THE DEFENDANT:

(No appearance.)

I N D E X

WITNESSES:	DIRECT	CROSS	REDIRECT	RECROSS
David Farrar	5	--	--	--
Christopher Strunk	8	--	--	--
Susan Daniels	10	--	--	--
Felicito Papa	15	--	--	--
Linda Jordan	19	--	--	--
Douglas Vogt	22	--	--	--
John Sampson	30	--	--	--
Orly Taitz	40	--	--	--

EXHIBITS: FOR IDENTIFICATION IN EVIDENCE

Plaintiff:

1 - Strunk FOIA Request	10	--
2 - Daniels Affidavit	14	--
3 - Papa Affidavit	19	--
4 - Jordan Affidavit	21	--
5 - Vogt Affidavit	30	--
6 - Sampson Affidavit	39	--
7 - (Unidentified on the record)	45	--

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P R O C E E D I N G S

JUDGE MALIHI: Counsel, would you introduce yourself and your client, please?

MS. TAITZ: Yes. Orly Taitz and I'm representing five clients -- Mr. David Farrar, who is in the courtroom.

MR. FARRAR: Good morning, sir.

MS. TAITZ: Ms. Leah Lax, Ms. Laurie Roth, Mr. Thomas Malaren and Mr. Cody Robert Judy.

JUDGE MALIHI: Counsel, before you start, I'm going to give you two hours maximum, we will conclude at 12:15.

MS. TAITZ: Thank you, Your Honor.

JUDGE MALIHI: And if you can do it a little bit faster, I would appreciate it.

MS. TAITZ: I'll do my best.

JUDGE MALIHI: Thank you.

MS. TAITZ: Mr. Farrar, please.

Just a quick introduction. Please provide for the Court your name and spell your last name.

MR. FARRAR: David Farrar, F-a-r-r-a-r.

MS. TAITZ: Mr. Farrar, you can even stand --

THE REPORTER: Wait. Got to swear the witness.

Whereupon,

DAVID FARRAR

appeared as a witness herein and, having been first duly

1 sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

2 DIRECT EXAMINATION

3 BY MS. TAITZ:

4 Q Are you a registered voter in the State of
5 Georgia?

6 A Yes, ma'am.

7 MS. TAITZ: That's it, you're excused.

8 JUDGE MALIHI: Thank you very much.

9 Counsel, hold on, hold on. What is this
10 (indicating)?

11 (Witness excused.)

12 MS. TAITZ: This is a clip from the news, just
13 showing that when Mr. Obama resided in Indonesia, it shows a
14 book of records from Indonesia showing his last name in the
15 school book of records listed as Soetoro and nationality
16 Indonesian, not U.S. citizen.

17 JUDGE MALIHI: I don't need to see the video.

18 MS. TAITZ: That's it.

19 JUDGE MALIHI: Okay.

20 MS. TAITZ: Can we go back a little bit?

21 JUDGE MALIHI: Counsel, I don't see how that's
22 relevant to the issue before me.

23 MS. TAITZ: Well, in order for one -- first of
24 all, in order for one to be on the ballot in the State of
25 Georgia, he needs to be under a name that is legally his.

1 JUDGE MALIHI: You can argue that to me, but I
2 don't need to see the video.

3 MS. TAITZ: Okay, go to the next one.

4 JUDGE MALIHI: What's the next one?

5 MS. TAITZ: Okay, so -- okay, so, it states that
6 he was registered in the book of records in the school in
7 Indonesia where she's staying, which was Basuki school in
8 Jakarta, Indonesia under last name Soetoro. Next.

9 I will not go into detail -- okay, let's stop here
10 -- I will not go into detail into the issue of what natural-
11 born citizen is because we have limited time, a prior
12 counsel already stated this.

13 JUDGE MALIHI: Counsel, please address the Court,
14 not the audience.

15 MS. TAITZ: And I will be using the same precedent
16 of *Minor v. Happersett* and I would also state that since the
17 Constitution was adopted, the legal treatise that was
18 commonly used by the framers of the Constitution was Emerich
19 de Vattel, a well-known --

20 JUDGE MALIHI: Counsel, are you arguing or are you
21 testifying?

22 MS. TAITZ: That's my opening statement.

23 JUDGE MALIHI: Okay, please step up to the podium.

24 MS. TAITZ: Emerich de Vattel, who was a well-
25 known scholar and constitutionalist and diplomat stating

1 that natural-born citizen -- and it was a legal treatise
2 that existed at the time the Constitution was adopted --
3 stating "natural-born citizen is one born in the country to
4 parents who are citizens of the country."

5 The first Justice of the Supreme Court of the
6 United States, John Jay, a well-known letter that was
7 included in Federalist Letters, stated to George Washington
8 -- permit me to hint that it is important for the commander
9 in chief to be a natural born-citizen, not to have a
10 foreigner.

11 Lastly, there was a question in regards to the
12 14th Amendment. And John Bingham, who was the framer of the
13 14th Amendment, in the discussions in Congress relating to
14 the adoption of the 14th Amendment, specifically stated
15 natural-born citizen is one who is born in the country to
16 parents who don't owe allegiance to other sovereignties.

17 As we know, when Mr. Obama was born, his father
18 was a citizen -- actually a British citizen because in 1961,
19 Kenya was part of --

20 JUDGE MALIHI: Counsel, let me stop you.

21 Would you save your argument for the closing and
22 let me hear from your witnesses. Your second witness,
23 please.

24 MS. TAITZ: Okay, Mr. Strunk.

25 JUDGE MALIHI: Good morning, sir.

1 MR. STRUNK: Good morning, Your Honor.

2 Whereupon,

3 CHRISTOPHER STRUNK

4 appeared as a witness herein and, having been first duly

5 sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

6 DIRECT EXAMINATION

7 BY MS. TAITZ:

8 Q Mr. Strunk, do you recognize this document?

9 A My name is Christopher Earl Strunk and I'm from
10 New York. I'd like to vote in Georgia, but it's not
11 possible this year.

12 Q I'm just asking, do you recognize this document?

13 A Yes, that is a portion of a letter which I
14 received from the attorney for the Department of State, U.S.
15 Department of State.

16 MS. TAITZ: Keep going, keep going, keep going,
17 further, more, more, more -- stop.

18 BY MS. TAITZ:

19 Q Okay, so now what is this document? Is that the
20 passport record of Stanley Ann Dunham, Mr. Obama's mother,
21 yes?

22 A This is a renewal form.

23 Q Okay.

24 A Taking him off of her passport.

25 Q Yes. What is the last name that is listed there?

1 Can you please read the full last name for Mr. Obama on his
2 mother's passport record?

3 A Soebarkah, S-o-e-b-a-r-k-a-h.

4 Q So in his mother's passport records, Mr. Obama is
5 listed under last name Soebarkah, according to the records
6 that you personally received from the State Department,
7 right?

8 A I can't draw a conclusion on that.

9 Q Okay, but that's what is written there, Soebarkah,
10 right?

11 A Yes. She wanted that expunged from her record --

12 Q Passport.

13 A -- which we never got. It was delegated (ph.)

14 MS. TAITZ: Okay, thank you, Mr. Strunk.

15 JUDGE MALIHI: You may step down, sir; thank you.

16 (Witness excused.)

17 MS. TAITZ: Next is going to be -- and we're going
18 to submit into evidence the records -- Freedom of
19 Information request and response that was received by Mr.
20 Strunk from the State Department showing that in his
21 mother's record, Mr. Obama was listed --

22 JUDGE MALIHI: Counsel, you don't need to tell me
23 --

24 MS. TAITZ: Okay. Next will be Ms. Susan Daniels.

25 THE REPORTER: Are we marking this P-1?

1 JUDGE MALIHI: Yes.
2 (The document referred to was
3 marked for identification as
4 Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 1.)
5 (Witness excused.)

6 Whereupon,

7 SUSAN DANIELS
8 appeared as a witness herein and, having been first duly
9 sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

10 DIRECT EXAMINATION

11 BY MS. TAITZ:

12 Q Ms. Daniels, would you like to state to the Court,
13 what is your occupation?

14 A I'm a state licensed private investigator in Ohio.

15 Q How many years have you been a licensed
16 investigator?

17 A Since March of 1995.

18 Q Did you testify in court?

19 A Yes.

20 Q Did you also testify before grand juries as an
21 investigator?

22 A Yes.

23 Q What -- did you investigate the identification
24 records for Mr. Obama?

25 A I was hired to look into his background, and the

1 first thing I found was a Social Security Number for him
2 that was issued in the State of Connecticut between the
3 years of 1977 and '79. And --

4 Q During that time, Mr. Obama would have been 15-16
5 years old. Where did he reside -- did he reside in the
6 state of Connecticut at the age of 15 or 16?

7 A No.

8 Q Where did he reside?

9 A Hawaii.

10 Q Now --

11 A And Social Security Numbers are issued in the
12 state that you live in when you apply for them.

13 Q Okay. So what was your suspicion? What was your
14 professional understanding -- what was your understanding as
15 a professional investigator, what did this mean?

16 A I've looked at thousands of Social Security
17 Numbers and I immediately knew it was fraudulent.

18 Q Thank you. Let's continue, let's go higher and I
19 would like you to look at the next page -- one second.
20 More, more, more, keep going, keep going. Down, little bit
21 down.

22 Okay, so this is the -- what was the number, the
23 Social Security Number actually that was used?

24 A 042-68-4425.

25 Q Now do the first three digits of Social Security

1 Number signify the state?

2 A Yes.

3 Q So 042 is what state?

4 A Is Connecticut, 040 to 049 is Connecticut.

5 Q Ms. Daniels, I would like to point to those
6 numbers at the bottom.

7 A Right.

8 Q Dates of birth associated with Social Security
9 Number, and we see the first date of birth is 1890 and --
10 for Mr. Barack Obama, which means that if Mr. Barack Obama,
11 Mr. Barack Hussein Obama, was born in 1890, he would have
12 been a hundred and --

13 JUDGE MALIHI: Counsel, are you testifying or are
14 you asking a question?

15 MS. TAITZ: Sure.

16 BY MS. TAITZ:

17 Q What would be his age?

18 A I can't figure -- I don't have enough fingers.
19 But I have never -- in all the years I've worked, I've never
20 seen anything like this. I've seen where like the bottom
21 two numbers were the American style and the foreign style
22 appear, but never a number like 1890. And I believe that
23 the person that originally got the Social Security Number
24 was born in 1890.

25 Q So what you're saying that it was a stolen Social

1 Security Number.

2 JUDGE MALIHI: Counselor, don't lead the witness.

3 THE WITNESS: I believe that --

4 JUDGE MALIHI: You can't answer that.

5 THE WITNESS: Pardon me?

6 JUDGE MALIHI: You cannot answer that.

7 BY MS. TAITZ:

8 Q What is your understanding, what does it mean?

9 A I believed from the beginning it was fraudulent.

10 Q Yes. So -- and then we see 8/4/61 and 4/8/61.

11 What does that mean?

12 A That's just two different styles of showing his
13 birth cert -- his birth date. He was actually born on
14 August 4, 1961.

15 Q Now did you also check Mr. Obama's phone records?

16 A First I ran the Social Security Number to check
17 addresses and the same Social Security Number came up with
18 addresses for him in Massachusetts, in Illinois, and in
19 Washington, D.C. And along with those records were a phone
20 number, and it was always the same phone number and
21 occasionally the year where it showed his date of birth, it
22 said 1890.

23 I subsequently then checked the phone records for
24 this phone number and found the same thing. It would show
25 intermittently the birth date, instead of August 4, 1961,

1 said 1890.

2 Q Did you check -- did you double-check the Social
3 Security Numbers before and after this one? From what state
4 were those social security numbers?

5 A I got copies from the Social Security
6 Administration for the Social Security Number ending in 24,
7 which is the number immediately before his, and 29, and I
8 got the actual records, including the handwritten
9 application for the number, because both those people are
10 deceased. And it showed that those were both issued in
11 March of 1977, when he would have been 15.

12 Q So it is your testimony that the Social Security
13 Number that Mr. Barack Obama is using is a number that was
14 issued to somebody who resided in the state of Connecticut--

15 A That's what I believe.

16 Q -- in 1977.

17 A That's what I believe.

18 Q Anything else you'd like to add?

19 A No.

20 MS. TAITZ: Thank you. Thank you, Ms. Daniels.

21 At this point, I would like to introduce into
22 evidence Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 2, Affidavit of Ms.
23 Susan Daniels with the attached documents.

24 (The document referred to was
25 marked for identification as

1 Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 2.)

2 (Witness excused.)

3 MS. TAITZ: Next, my third --

4 JUDGE MILLER: Is it fourth or third?

5 MS. TAITZ: Fourth witness is going to be Mr.

6 Felicito Papa.

7 Whereupon,

8 FELICITO PAPA

9 appeared as a witness herein and, having been first duly
10 sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

11 DIRECT EXAMINATION

12 BY MS. TAITZ:

13 Q Mr. Papa, can you please explain to the Court what
14 is your education?

15 A Okay, first I'm originally from the Philippines
16 and then I'm a naturalized born citizen of the United
17 States.

18 And then I studied information technology having
19 graduated from ITT Technical Institute in Indianapolis,
20 Indiana. And from there, we studied various software like
21 Adobe software.

22 JUDGE MALIHI: Sir, would you just listen to the
23 question and only answer the question?

24 THE WITNESS: Okay.

25 JUDGE MALIHI: Next question.

1 BY MS. TAITZ:

2 Q What -- so your education is in information
3 technology?

4 A That's correct.

5 Q From ITT. Mr. Papa, what kind of software do you
6 usually use in your work?

7 A With web designing and development, it's a popular
8 software to use Adobe Photoshop and Adobe Illustrator.

9 Q Thank you. I'm going to point to this document.
10 Is that the affidavit that you provided me?

11 A That's true, yes.

12 Q Now was that the birth certificate -- or alleged
13 copy of a birth certificate that Mr. Obama posted online?

14 A That's correct.

15 Q Now what -- okay, let's go to the next page.
16 Okay, stop.

17 Now when Mr. Obama originally posted this birth
18 certificate, it was in a .pdf file, was it?

19 A That's correct, yes.

20 Q Was the file flattened, were all the layers of
21 preparation of the file flattened together, or not?

22 A No, it was not flattened, it was open.

23 Q So when you opened this document in Adobe
24 Illustrator, did you see one layer or did you see multiple
25 layers?

1 A I saw multiple layers, at least six layers.

2 Q Okay. So is this one of the layers?

3 A It is one of the bottom layer.

4 Q Mr. Papa, I would like to point to the number at
5 the top. We're seeing just one digit there, so where are
6 the other digits? Were they added in another layer?

7 A Yes, they were added from other graphics and added
8 to this number.

9 Q So there was one document, and then from another
10 document they added another part of the document?

11 A That's correct.

12 Q I would like to point to the signature, Stanley
13 Ann -- and there is only "D." There is no "unham Obama,"
14 it's missing. Was that brought from another document?

15 A That's correct.

16 Q Now it was on the internet when the original of
17 the document was posted that there were layers and shortly
18 thereafter when people opened in Adobe Illustrator, there
19 were no layers. What happened? Did somebody remove it and
20 flatten the file and put it back, or what happened?

21 A Nobody -- up to now, nobody has flattened the
22 file. Anybody who uses Adobe Illustrator can open the file
23 and then they will see multiple layers.

24 Q Okay. Now I'm going to point to the next
25 document, the next affidavit for Mr. Papa.

1 Now did you also study the tax returns that Mr.
2 Obama posted online in April of -- stop -- in 2010?

3 A Yes, I did.

4 Q Was there the same problem of the file, .pdf file,
5 not being flattened?

6 A No, it wasn't. Originally it wasn't flattened and
7 anybody can open it and they would see at least two layers.

8 Q When you looked at the layers, I point to the
9 number here at the bottom that says 042-68-4425. That was
10 in one of the layers, right?

11 A That's correct.

12 Q Is it the same number that Ms. Daniels testified
13 to?

14 A That's correct, yes.

15 Q Let's go to the next page. Okay. And here we see
16 it was -- it's another page in tax return, says 042-68-4425,
17 the same Social Security Number that Ms. Daniels testified
18 to?

19 A That's correct.

20 Q After a few days was the file flattened?

21 A Actually after a day, then it was flattened, so
22 nobody could see the Social Security Numbers any more.

23 MS. TAITZ: Thank you very much, Mr. Papa, that
24 would be all.

25 I would like to introduce into evidence affidavits

1 from -- submitted by Mr. Papa in regards to the birth
2 certificate and Social Security Number of Mr. Obama.

3 (The document referred to was
4 marked for identification as
5 Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 3.)

6 (Witness excused.)

7 JUDGE MALIHI: Counsel, who is your next witness?

8 MS. TAITZ: Yes, Your Honor, I'm calling Ms. Linda
9 Jordan.

10 JUDGE MALIHI: Good morning, Ms. Jordan.

11 MS. JORDAN: Morning.

12 Whereupon,

13 LINDA JORDAN

14 appeared as a witness herein and, having been first duly
15 sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

16 DIRECT EXAMINATION

17 BY MS. TAITZ:

18 Q Ms. Jordan, do you recognize this affidavit? Is
19 this an affidavit that you provided for me?

20 A Yes, it is.

21 Q Let's go further -- you know what, go to my set,
22 Orly's set. If you don't have it here, go to Orly's set
23 page. Keep going quickly, move, down, down, down, down.
24 Keep going, keep going, keep going. More, more, more. Yes,
25 stop.

1 Okay, is that the document that was attached to
2 your affidavit?

3 A Yes, one of them.

4 Q Is that E-Verify for Mr. Obama?

5 A Yes.

6 Q And is that the Social Security Number that was on
7 Mr. Obama's tax return, 042-68-4425?

8 A Yes.

9 Q Keep going, keep going -- higher -- no, down, down
10 little bit. No, up, up, go up. Stop, down, down -- I
11 apologize. Up -- go down. Just one second, please. More,
12 more, more, more, more. Stop, stop.

13 Okay, little bit lower, little bit lower, little
14 bit lower. Little bit lower so we can see what's on the
15 bottom tier of this.

16 So, okay, what does it say here, "SSA record does
17 not verify"? Is that what it says?

18 A "SSA record does not verify. Other reason: SSA
19 found a discrepancy in the record."

20 Q So the Social Security Number that Mr. Obama is
21 using from early years, according to Ms. Daniels, and that's
22 listed on his tax return, does not verify under E-Verify?

23 A When I ran it on August 17th, 2011, it did not
24 verify, it came back with this mark.

25 MS. TAITZ: Thank you very much, Ms. Jordan.

1 BY MS. TAITZ:

2 Q Mr. Vogt, would you like to state for the Court,
3 please, your occupation?

4 A I own a company called Archive Index Systems,
5 where we sell document imaging scanners as well as document
6 imaging systems. I also owned a typesetting company for 13
7 years too.

8 Q So, for 13 years you dealt with typesetting and
9 scanners.

10 A Yeah.

11 MS. TAITZ: Testimony from Mr. Vogt.

12 VOICE: I don't have it.

13 THE WITNESS: I've been in the current business
14 for 18 years now selling scanners and maintaining them.

15 MS. TAITZ: Go to the Orly documents and just show
16 the birth certificate. Just go to my documents.

17 BY MS. TAITZ:

18 Q Did you examine the alleged copy of a birth
19 certificate which was -- go down -- which was posted online
20 by Mr. Obama?

21 A Yes, I did.

22 MS. TAITZ: One second. I would like to know if
23 there was -- keep going, lower -- here it is. Stop.

24 BY MS. TAITZ:

25 Q -- that you found to be suspicious -- was there

1 anything that you found to be suspicious. And I would like
2 first to ask you whether there was haloing on this document.

3 A Yes, the haloing we're referring to is around all
4 the type and lines, there's a white line. At first, we
5 didn't quite know what it was until we finally actually
6 replicated the form and actually redid the thing and figured
7 out how the forger did it.

8 The haloing is caused by what -- it's a subroutine
9 in Photoshop called unsharp mask. Now you have to
10 understand, if a document like this has any evidence of
11 computer manipulation, it's a fraud. Since my experience is
12 selling document imaging and actually writing that kind of -
13 - those kind of programs, this is what the Department of
14 Health should have done or what they supposedly have done.

15 They had these original forms. There was a
16 federal law that was passed in 2005 that required them to
17 scan all the documents --

18 JUDGE MALIHI: Counsel, what was your question --
19 hold on a second. What was your question?

20 BY MS. TAITZ:

21 Q Mr. Vogt, so -- because we have very limited time
22 -- Judge already stated we have limited time -- so was there
23 haloing?

24 A Yes.

25 Q Now normally, if you just take a document, put it

1 in a scanner, would you see haloing?

2 A No, none whatsoever.

3 Q If you use multiple documents and multiple layers
4 and masking, will you see haloing then?

5 A Yeah, if they used unsharp masks, you did.

6 Q Okay, next point. When we're looking on the left
7 side of the document, we see sloping. Now if the document--

8 A Curve of the page.

9 Q -- if their document was just scanned, was put in
10 the scanner, would you see all of the lines sloping or would
11 you see some of the lines going straight?

12 A I'll explain. They said in their own testimony
13 that these documents were in books, the originals. So this
14 was actually scanned on a flatbed scanner, 11 by 17. We've
15 actually replicated the same thing. And so the parallax or
16 that curvature would appear. You'll notice that the lines
17 on the bottom are not bent, but the ones on top are.

18 Q That's not what I'm asking.

19 A That's why. But it would be normal if it was
20 scanned from a book.

21 Q No, Mr. Vogt, I'm asking, when there is sloping --
22 we understand that you take a book, you take a picture, you
23 see sloping. But when you have sloping of the line, would
24 you also see each typed line to be sloping similarly --
25 would you see that?

1 A From the scanner? Yes, we replicated it, we know
2 that.

3 Q Was that something that you saw on Mr. Obama's
4 birth certificate, or not?

5 A Yes, on how they --

6 Q Wait --

7 A -- copied it, yes.

8 Q But were there lines that went straight?

9 A Because -- I have to explain how a scanner works.

10 Q No, no, we don't have time for that.

11 A But basically that's normal, we replicated the
12 same thing that --

13 Q Mr. Vogt, you're not listening. I'm asking you if
14 you have sloping, if you just go in the scanner and the
15 lines are sloping, would you see all the lines sloping
16 similarly?

17 A No, if it was on a flatbed and it was just a piece
18 of paper by itself, no.

19 Q Okay. Let's look at the next point. Go a little
20 bit higher -- no, down. Okay. No, no, down, down, down.
21 No. Stop, stop, stop.

22 We're looking at the stamp that's on the document,
23 the date stamp. If somebody -- if it is something that was
24 just scanned -- Mr. Vogt, something that was scanned and
25 wants to put a stamp here like this -- stamp, stamp, stamp -

1 - would it be in the same spot in all three copies or it
2 would be different at different points?

3 A They would be different, to the extent that the
4 other ones are separate. And they're actually embossed
5 stamps actually.

6 Q Okay, now another question. If -- and in Mr.
7 Obama's records, all three of them, it was exactly in the
8 same spot --

9 A Yes.

10 Q Another question. When a person is stamping the
11 date, he goes stamp, stamp, stamp, would it be a line, pixel
12 by pixel, in straight line, or would you expect it to be a
13 little bit sideways, a little bit crooked?

14 A No, they are too independent, they're done by hand
15 even though it's done by an embossing machine for both. We
16 learned that.

17 Q Mr. Vogt, you're not listening.

18 A I am.

19 Q My question is, if a person is doing it by hand --

20 A There won't be in exactly the same place.

21 Q Okay. Would it be on the line, would it be just
22 on line, pixel by pixel, or would it be slanted a little
23 bit?

24 A It would be slanted.

25 Q Was it slanted here?

1 A No, they're perfectly straight.

2 Q So it looks different from what you would expect
3 with something coming from the machine, right?

4 A Right.

5 Q Next, in regards to that stamp, would you expect -
6 - is it something -- Mr. Obama stated it was just prepared
7 and sent to him, his attorney brought it right away -- so if
8 it's something that came straight from the machine and they
9 put embossed seal, would you expect to see a very clear
10 embossed seal on that document?

11 A Yes, you would.

12 Q Do you see it here?

13 A No, it's a latent latent image, if you highlight
14 over by -- I can show you on here.

15 Q Okay.

16 A Right about here (indicating).

17 Q But it's hard to see.

18 A Oh, yeah.

19 Q Next, would you -- now, this is supposed to be a
20 copy of a document created in 1961, which was created on a
21 typewriter. On a typewriter, when you type letter by letter
22 by letter, you don't see letters encroaching on the space --

23 JUDGE MALIHI: Counsel, is that a question or --

24 MS. TAITZ: A question, which is -- I'm just
25 explaining --

1 THE WITNESS: What's the aberrations of the
2 typewriter --

3 BY MS. TAITZ:

4 Q The question is would you expect kerning or
5 encroachment of one letter going into space of the other
6 letter on a typewritten document?

7 A No. Typewriters basically are either 12
8 characters to an inch and they all fit in a specific box six
9 points wide.

10 Q Okay. What about this document, did you see
11 kerning here?

12 A Yes, we did. I have examples of it here, but we
13 can't show it.

14 Q Okay, okay. Yeah. So you would not expect
15 kerning.

16 A Yes, There was a "t" and a "y" that were kerned
17 and a couple of other letters also.

18 Q Okay, doesn't matter which letters. So you saw
19 kerning here.

20 A Yes.

21 Q Next --

22 A The letter spacing was off too and the line
23 spacing too.

24 Q What about, did you check -- can we go a little
25 bit higher -- in terms of their number. The number ends with

1 641. Did you check the numbers, was that sequential?

2 A No, it was hard finding the law, but both the --
3 there was a Model States Vital Statistics Act and in the
4 U.S. Department of Health and Education as well as the
5 Social Security system that both say in the federal regs
6 that all birth certificate numbers have to be sequential and
7 they start from zero or one, January 1 at 12:01 a.m.

8 Q Okay.

9 A And they have to be sequential.

10 Q Okay, Mr. Vogt --

11 A Hang on. In fact, in the Social Security system--

12 JUDGE MALIHI: Sir. Just wait for the next
13 question.

14 BY MS. TAITZ:

15 Q Okay, so I just asked if it was sequential.

16 A Yes.

17 MS. TAITZ: That would be it. Thank you very
18 much, Mr. Vogt. And at this point --

19 (A document was marked for
20 identification as Plaintiff's
21 Exhibit Number 5.)

22 (Witness excused.)

23 JUDGE MALIHI: Your last witness.

24 MS. TAITZ: Is Mr. Sampson.

25 JUDGE MALIHI: Good morning, sir.

1 MR. SAMPSON: Good morning, Your Honor. How are
2 you, sir?

3 JUDGE MALIHI: Very good, thank you for coming.
4 Whereupon,

5 JOHN SAMPSON
6 appeared as a witness herein and, having been first duly
7 sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

8 DIRECT EXAMINATION

9 BY MS. TAITZ:

10 Q Okay, Mr. Sampson, can you please state to the
11 Court, what is your education -- what is your professional
12 experience?

13 A Okay. First, my full name is John, middle initial
14 N., last name is Sampson, S-a-m-p as in Paul-s-o-n.

15 Educationally, I received a Bachelor of Arts *cum*
16 *laude* from Long Island University with a major in criminal
17 justice and minor in psychology. I attended Thomas M.
18 Cooley Law School in Lansing, Michigan for a period of two
19 years, I did not graduate.

20 Q And where did you work?

21 A Subsequent to that, I was a police officer in the
22 State of New York for 18 months.

23 Subsequent to that, I was hired by the U.S.
24 Immigration and Naturalization Service. Began my career at
25 John F. Kennedy Airport in 1981 in June as an immigration

1 inspector. I received on-the-job training and classroom
2 instruction at Kennedy Airport. My instructor was the
3 intelligence officer for the airport, who specialized in
4 fraudulent documents and immigration fraud.

5 I subsequently went into the enforcement branch
6 with Immigration two and a half years later and ultimately
7 became a senior deportation officer where I remained in New
8 York, then to New Jersey, back to New York and in 1985 --

9 Q So you have many --

10 A -- I moved to Colorado and I retired from U.S.
11 Immigrations and Customs Enforcement, Department of Homeland
12 Security, which was the successor agency to INS, in August
13 of 2008.

14 Q Mr. Sampson, did you testify in court as an expert
15 on immigration and deportation?

16 A I testified before federal grand juries and
17 administrative law judges --

18 Q Thank you.

19 A -- in deportation.

20 Q Thank you, Your Honor -- oh, I'm sorry. Thank
21 you, Mr. Sampson.

22 Because we have so little time, I just want to
23 move on.

24 So you have extensive experience as a senior
25 deportation officer.

1 When is the first time we discussed Mr. Obama's
2 records?

3 A November of 2009, after I retired, I formed my own
4 consulting firm, and have been employed -- self-employed
5 since January of 2009 to this date.

6 Q Is that the affidavit that you provided me?

7 A Yes, it is.

8 Q And is that an affidavit in regards to the Social
9 Security Number of Mr. Obama?

10 A It's an affidavit of the number that he is using.

11 Q What did you find -- in your professional
12 experience and knowledge, what did you find in regards to
13 his Social Security Number?

14 A When I ran the Social Security Number through
15 Locate Plus, which is a commercial database that's used by
16 private investigators and law enforcement personnel and
17 attorneys, the only person who was associated and affiliated
18 with 042-68-4425 was Mr. Barack Hussein Obama. It gave me a
19 list of his addresses, driver's license information, other
20 background information, possible relatives, et cetera. It
21 also indicated that the Social Security Number was issued in
22 1977 to a person residing in the state of Connecticut at the
23 time that that number was assigned.

24 Q Was Mr. Obama -- did Mr. Obama ever reside in the
25 state of Connecticut?

1 A Not to my knowledge, no. All the information and
2 data that I have is, specifically in that period of time, he
3 was residing with his maternal grandparents Stanley Armour
4 Dunham and Madelyn Payne Dunham in Hawaii.

5 Q Did you also review the birth certificate -- the
6 alleged copy of a birth certificate that Mr. Obama posted
7 online?

8 A I've seen it and I have a copy of it, yes.

9 Q Was there anything suspicious about this birth
10 certificate?

11 A There are three issues of concern as far as I can
12 tell.

13 Number one, the serial number that's in the upper
14 right hand corner is out of sequence and -- when compared to
15 two other birth certificates issued to two twins that were
16 born the day after Mr. Obama was born and whose certificates
17 were issued three days after his was supposedly issued,
18 their serial numbers are lower, although you would expect
19 them to be higher, given the fact that they were subsequent
20 to his.

21 The second thing is that the certification
22 paragraph that's contained in their birth certificates is
23 somewhat different than the certification paragraph that is
24 contained in the Obama birth certificate.

25 And last, but not least, the name of the local

1 registrar for the Obama birth certificate is different than
2 the one on the Nordyke twins, and you would think that given
3 the fact that they were born within 24 hours of each other,
4 the local registrar would have been the same given the fact
5 that they were born in the same medical facility at the same
6 location.

7 Q Mr. Sampson, so what was your suspicion when you
8 studied the Social Security Number and the birth certificate
9 of Mr. Obama, in your professional opinion?

10 A In my opinion, I believe that there's credible
11 evidence to warrant further investigation and the issuance
12 of court orders requesting the unsealing of records in
13 Hawaii as well as the release of records from the Social
14 Security Administration as to who the owner of 042-68-4425
15 is.

16 Q Mr. Sampson, Mr. Ken Allen testified to the fact
17 that he received immigration records of Mr. Lolo Soetoro,
18 Mr. Obama's stepfather. Those were made public. Did you
19 study those immigration records?

20 A I have a copy of them and I have looked at them,
21 yes.

22 Q Was there any redacting in those records?

23 A My understanding, reading the letter, the
24 transmittal letter, that was accompanying the documents, the
25 A file, what's called the alien file or the A file, that was

1 sent to Mr. Allen, was that they redacted a portion of some
2 of the documents. I believe six of them were redacted, and
3 then there were seven pages that were withheld in their
4 entirety due to Privacy Act concerns.

5 Q Mr. Sampson, are there usually redactions in the
6 records of deceased individuals?

7 A No.

8 Q So let's see, who could have been on the
9 immigration records of Lolo Soetoro, who is not deceased
10 today? Is Mr. Soetoro deceased?

11 A Mr. Soetoro is deceased, Ms. Dunham is deceased,
12 the grandparents are deceased, Mr. Barack Obama, Sr. is
13 deceased. Maya Soetoro-Ng was not born at the time, and
14 therefore was not part of this at the time that Stanley Ann
15 Dunham petitioned to have her spouse, Mr. Soetoro,
16 classified as an immediate relative so he could receive an
17 immigrant visa.

18 Q So what would be your conclusion, who could have
19 been listed on Mr. Soetoro's immigration records which was
20 the reason for redaction?

21 A The only person that can come to mind would be
22 Barack Hussein Obama, II, also known as Barry Soetoro.

23 Q Next question, Mr. Sampson. In your opinion as a
24 deportation officer, if Mr. Barack Obama was a natural-born
25 U.S. citizen, he had a valid U.S. citizenship, and he never

1 lost the citizenship while living in Indonesia, would he
2 need immigration records, would he need to immigrate?

3 A No, there would be no need for him to be issued an
4 immigrant visa, he'd be considered a U.S. citizen, be able
5 to travel to the United States as a citizen.

6 Q Knowing all the information that you have in
7 regards to Mr. Obama, what would be your conclusion and what
8 do you believe that needs to be done -- or what would you do
9 in cases similar to this with these kind of records?

10 A It would warrant further investigation. What I
11 would do if I was still working with Immigration, is I would
12 be getting the originals of the documents I just mentioned.
13 I would go to the Social Security Administration and request
14 a copy of the SS-5 which is the actual handwritten
15 application for a Social Security Number. I would also
16 request the State of Hawaii submit a certified copy of any
17 birth records, so this way we could rule in or rule out
18 whether or not he was born in Hawaii.

19 Q How about immigration and passport records?

20 A I would be going to the State Department Office of
21 Passport Services to see if there are any U.S. passports
22 issued.

23 Q And if those are not provided or the U.S. Attorney
24 is not willing to proceed with those steps, what would you
25 do?

1 A Well first, let me clarify -- in the event we
2 would be conducting an investigation, it would primarily be
3 a criminal investigation to determine whether any charges
4 should be filed. And the way the procedure works in federal
5 system is that you would do a report, submit it to the
6 United States Attorney's Criminal Division, so that they
7 could review it and determine whether or not they would
8 accept it for prosecution.

9 Assuming that they declined it, the alternative
10 would be, if there was evidence to suggest that the
11 individual in question was not a citizen of the United
12 States and in fact had falsely claimed to be a U.S. citizen,
13 that person could be placed in deportation proceedings
14 because falsely claiming to be a U.S. citizen is a separate
15 and entirely standalone charge for deportation purposes.

16 Q Would it be sufficient for warrant for this
17 person's arrest?

18 A Well, that would be how you would commence a
19 removal proceeding. You would request an administrative
20 arrest warrant signed by the field office director, notice
21 to appear in removal proceedings and a custody determination
22 to determine whether or not the individual would be held in
23 custody, released on their recognizance or some other
24 alternative to detention such as electronic ankle monitoring
25 or something like that.

1 We have records from Mr. Obama from Indonesia
2 where he went to school and went under the last name
3 Soetoro; nationality, Indonesian.

4 Keep going, keep going. Now -- stop.

5 Now what's interesting about those records from
6 Indonesia that we just saw a minute ago, it stated that Mr.
7 Obama went to school in Indonesia from 19 -- I'm sorry, from
8 January 1st, 1968 and here is another picture. And this is
9 a well-known picture, it was published in multiple papers,
10 of smiling Mr. Obama with his friend and it states "1969,
11 third grade." And that's a picture from Hawaii.

12 So we have two records. We have a record from
13 Indonesia where there is a boy who goes by name Barry
14 Soetoro, who at least for a period of two years, 1968 and
15 '69, resides in Indonesia and goes by name Barry Soetoro.

16 We have another boy, who during this same time,
17 1968 and '69 resides in Hawaii and goes by name Barry Obama.

18 And we have no idea which boy came back to this
19 country.

20 Keep going. Next document -- this is Mr. Obama's
21 application to become --

22 JUDGE MALIHI: Counsel, are you testifying?

23 MS. TAITZ: I can actually testify.

24 JUDGE MALIHI: You don't have to. I asked you to
25 do closing argument.

1 MS. TAITZ: I would like to, yes.

2 JUDGE MALIHI: No, no, no.

3 MS. TAITZ: Actually, since I was the one --

4 JUDGE MALIHI: What personal knowledge do you
5 have?

6 MS. TAITZ: I personally obtained those documents.

7 JUDGE MALIHI: And -- no, no, no. That's not
8 personal knowledge.

9 MS. TAITZ: I have -- this is the official law
10 registration that was -- that is available online. I
11 personally downloaded it from online records of the Illinois
12 Bar. And that's Mr. Obama's registration as an attorney in
13 the State of Illinois.

14 And I would like to testify under oath. Actually
15 not only this, but other records since I was the one who did
16 most of the research, I will testify.

17 THE REPORTER: Raise your right hand, please.
18 Whereupon,

19 ORLY TAITZ
20 appeared as a witness herein and, having been first duly
21 sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

22 DIRECT TESTIMONY

23 THE WITNESS: So, here, what is important about
24 this record? It says full license name: Barack Hussein
25 Obama. Full former names: None.

1 We've already seen that in his mother's records,
2 passport records, Mr. Obama is listed by last name
3 Soebarkah. We've seen that in his records in Indonesia, he
4 is listed under name Soetoro.

5 So, clearly, Mr. Obama was committing perjury when
6 he applied for this record.

7 I actually personally contacted the Illinois Bar
8 and inquired about it. I was told that since Mr. Obama is
9 inactive, it's not a problem.

10 I contacted the Bar again and I demanded
11 investigation, at which time, Mr. Obama's record as an
12 attorney was changed from "inactive" to "not allowed to
13 practice law." Mr. Obama has resigned from the Bar, he gave
14 up his law license and I believe it was --

15 JUDGE MALIHI: How is that relevant, counsel, to
16 the legal issues before me?

17 MS. TAITZ: It's relevant to the fact that he is
18 hiding his identity under his prior names -- Soetoro and
19 Soebarkah. And we have a whole record of Mr. Obama going
20 through life hiding records.

21 Next --

22 JUDGE MALIHI: Counsel, I'm going to ask you to
23 submit your testimony in writing.

24 MS. TAITZ: Sure, okay.

25 JUDGE MALIHI: Let's make a closing argument.

1 MS. TAITZ: Okay.

2 Your Honor, U.S. citizens have cherished
3 Constitutional rights, their First Amendment right to -- for
4 free speech. Voting is a political speech that is extremely
5 important. Our democracy rests on this. Women fought for
6 years in suffrage movements for this right to be able to
7 vote. Minorities right here in the south fought for their
8 right.

9 My clients are fighting for their right to vote
10 for a person who is legitimate. They're fighting for their
11 right to participate in lawful elections that are free from
12 fraud and forgery. The Plaintiffs have shown, and the
13 witnesses that testified here have shown, that not only
14 there is a Constitutional problem with Mr. Obama's
15 eligibility that his father was not a U.S. citizen, but we
16 have clear evidence of fraud and forgery in Mr. Obama's
17 birth certificate, his Social Security Number, and since
18 those are primary documents, all the other documents that
19 were issued based on those two.

20 We also presented evidence showing that Mr. Obama
21 used other last names -- Soetoro and Soebarkah -- and we do
22 not have any evidence of him legally changing his name from
23 Soetoro to Obama; and the fact that he was a citizen of
24 Indonesia. There is no evidence to show that this was
25 changed.

1 Based on all the above, the Plaintiffs submit that
2 they have proven -- they've met their burden of proof and
3 Mr. Obama should be found ineligible.

4 Moreover, I have issued a subpoena, Your Honor has
5 stated to Mr. Obama that this subpoena needs to be honored,
6 he should have been here with certified documents with
7 embossed seal to show that indeed he has anything. So far,
8 the only thing that Mr. Obama has shown is a computerized
9 image that could have been created yesterday, that he is
10 posting on mugs and tee shirts. Mugs and tee shirts are not
11 a prima facie evidence.

12 Not one single judge in the country has found that
13 Mr. Obama is legitimate for presidency. All the cases --
14 you know, we've heard in the media fraudulent statements
15 that came from Mr. Obama's attorney, Mr. Jablonski, that the
16 issue was litigated, it was proven he is eligible. That's
17 fraud. It was never litigated on the merits. Not one judge
18 stated that Mr. Obama has a valid birth certificate. Not
19 one judge stated that he has a valid Social Security Number.
20 Not one judge found that Obama is legally his name or that
21 the person sitting in the White House is indeed Barack
22 Obama. It was never heard on the merits, it was never heard
23 in a court of law on the merits. And, therefore, the
24 Plaintiffs are asking to rule on the merits.

25 Also, because our reports are due by February 5, I

1 would ask Your Honor for Letters of Interrogatory. I worked
2 for three years trying to get additional documents. I was
3 threatened, defamed. And without Letter of Interrogatory
4 from Your Honor to the First Circuit Court in Hawaii to
5 issue a local subpoena to the Department of Health, and
6 Letter of Interrogatory to the D.C. Court to get Mr. Obama's
7 passport, immigration and social security records, we would
8 not be able to get any original records. So I would ask not
9 only to find that Mr. Obama is not eligible based on the
10 documents that we have, but also Letter of Interrogatory so
11 we can disclose all of the original records, if they exist,
12 forward to the other states, so there will be consistency
13 between all 50 states.

14 And as Mr. Sampson has stated, if it would have
15 been anybody else, it would have gone to a warrant for
16 arrest and deportation. We are all equal under the law in
17 this country. A person -- a poor person in the poor house
18 or a president in the White House are all equal under the
19 law and I'm asking Your Honor to hold Mr. Obama in contempt
20 of court due to the fact that subpoena was issued and he
21 intentionally disrespected and disregarded the subpoena.

22 Thank you, Your Honor.

23 JUDGE MALIHI: Thank you very much, counsel. May
24 I have your exhibits before we close?

25 MS. TAITZ: Yes, Your Honor.

1 (A document was proffered to the reporter.)

2 THE REPORTER: I don't know what this is.

3 MS. TAITZ: Put the next number on it.

4 (The document referred to was
5 marked for identification as
6 Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 7.)

7 JUDGE MALIHI: Ms. Taitz, may I have your
8 exhibits?

9 (Documents were proffered to the Court.)

10 JUDGE MALIHI: This concludes the hearing for
11 today. Have a good day.

12 MS. TAITZ: Thank you, Your Honor.

13 (Whereupon, the hearing was concluded at
14 11:12 a.m.)

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C E R T I F I C A T E

I, Peggy J. Warren, do hereby certify that the foregoing pages represent a true and accurate transcription of the events which transpired at the time and place set out in the caption, to the best of my ability.

Peggy J. Warren, CVR-CM, CCR A-171